# Fuller Automated Transmissions TRTS0050 EN-US

January 2008

RTAO-11710B-AC RTAO-11710C-AC RTAO-12710B-AC RTAO-12710C-AC RTAO-13710B-AC RTAO-13710C-AC RTAO-14710B-AC RTAO-14710B-AS RTAO-14710C-AC RTAO-14710C-AS RTAO-15710B-AC RTAO-15710C-AC RTAO-16710B-AC RTAO-16710B-AS RTAO-16710C-AC RTAO-16710C-AS RTLO-14918B-AS RTLO-16918B-AS RTLO-18918B-AS RTLO-20918B-AS



BACKED BY **Roadranger** SUPPORT

# For parts or service call us Pro Gear & Transmission, Inc.



1 (877) 776-4600 (407) 872-1901 parts@eprogear.com 906 W. Gore St. Orlando, FL 32805



#### Warnings and Cautions

## Warnings and Cautions

A WARNING

Follow the specified procedures in the indicated order to avoid personal injury.

**A** CAUTION

Follow the specified procedures in the indicated order to avoid equipment malfunction or damage.

Note: Additional relevant information not covered in the service procedure.

A WARNING

Before starting a vehicle:

- 1. Sit in the driver's seat
- 2. Place shift lever in neutral
- 3. Set the parking brake

Before working on a vehicle or leaving the cab with engine running:

- 4. Place shift lever in neutral
- 5. Set the parking brake
- 6. Block the wheels

When parking the vehicle or leaving the cab:

- 7. Place shift lever in neutral
- 8. Set the parking brake

**A** CAUTION

Do not release the parking brake or attempt to select a gear until the air pressure is at the correct level.

To avoid damage to the transmission during towing:

- 9. Place shift lever in neutral
- 10. Lift the drive wheels off of the ground or disconnect the driveling

Do not operate vehicle if alternator lamp is lit or if gauges indicate low voltage.

This page intentionally left blank.

## **Section 1: General Information**

Suggested Tools	1-1
Transmission Models Included	1-2
Diagnostic Procedure	1-3
Fault Code Retrieval/Clearing	1-4
Driving Techniques	1-6
Fault Code Isolation Procedure Index	1-10
Symptom Driven Diagnostics Index	1-11

## **Section 2: Fault Isolation Procedures**

Electrical System Pretest	2-1
Power-Up Sequence Pretest	2-3
Air Pretest	2-9
Component Code: 11 (SID 254, FMI 2,12)	
System Manager	2-13
Code 11 (SID 254, FMI 2,12),	
System Controller Test	2-14
Component Code: 12 (SID 233, FMI 12)	
Transmission ECU	2-15
Code 12 (SID 233, FMI 12), Transmission	
ECU Test	2-16
Component Code: 13 (SID 236, FMI 4,5)	
Power Connect Relay Coil	2-17
Code 13 (SID 236, FMI 4,5),	
Power Connect Relay Coil Test	2-18
Component Code: 14 (SID 18, FMI 12)	
Shift Lever	2-21
Code 14 (SID 18, FMI 12), Shift Lever Test	2-22
Component Code: 15 (SID 57, FMI 2)	
Shift Lever Data Link	2-25
Code 15 (SID 57, FMI 2),	
Shift Lever Data Link Test	2-26
Component Code: 16 (SID 248, FMI 2)	
Eaton Proprietary Link (EPL)	2-31
Code 16 (SID 248, FMI 2),	
Eaton Proprietary Link (EPL) Test	2-32
Component Code: 17 (SID 237, FMI 4)	
Start Enable Relay Coil	2-43
Code 17(SID 237,FMI 4),	
Start Enable Relay Coil Test	2-44
Component Code: 31 (PID 62, FMI 3,4)	
Engine Brake Relay Coil	2-47
Code 31 (PID 62, FMI 3,4),	
Engine Brake Relay Coil Test	2-48
Component Code: 33 (PID 168, FMI 4)	
Battery Voltage Supply	2-51
Code 33 (PID 168, FMI 4),	
Battery Voltage Supply Test	2-52

Component Code: 35 (SID 231, FMI 2,7)	
Engine Control Failure	2-55
Code 35 (SID 231, FMI 2,7),	
Engine Control Failure Test	2-56
Component Code: 41 (SID 56, FMI 7)	
Range Failed to Engage	2-63
Code 41 (SID 56, FMI 7)	
, Range Failed to Engage Test	2-64
Component Code: 42 (SID 61, FMI 7)	
Splitter Failed to Engage	2-67
Code 42 (SID 6,1, FMI 7),	
Splitter Failed to Engage Test	2-68
Component Code: 43 (SID 35,36, FMI 3,4,5)	
Range Solenoid Valve	2-71
Code 43 (SID 35,36, FMI 3,4,5),	
Range Solenoid Valve Test	2-72
Component Code: 44 (PID 54, FMI 3,4,5)	
Interia Brake Solenoid Coil	2-77
Code 44 (PID 54, FMI 3,4,5),	
Interia Brake Solenoid Coil Test	2-78
Component Code: 46 (SID 37,38, FMI 4,5)	
Splitter Solenoid Valve	2-83
Code 46 (SID 37,38, FMI 4,5),	
Splitter Solenoid Valve Test	2-84
Component Code: 51 (PID 60, FMI 2)	
Rail Select Sensor	2-89
Code 51 (PID 60, FMI 2),	
Rail Select Sensor Test	2-90
Component Code: 52 (PID 59, FMI 2)	
Gear Select Sensor	2-99
Code 52 (PID 59, FMI 2),	0 1 0 0
Gear Select Sensor Test	2-100
Component Code: 53 (SID 34, FMI 2)	0 4 0 0
Reverse Ball Switch	2-109
Code 53 (SID 34, FMI 2),	0 1 1 0
Reverse Ball Switch Lest	2-110
Component Gode: 56 (PID 161, FMI 2)	0 115
Input Shaft Speed Sensor	2-115
Code 56 (PID 161, FIVI 2),	0 110
Input Shaft Speed Sensor Test	2-116
Component Code: 57 (PID 160, FIVI 2)	0 110
Main Snaπ Speed Sensor	2-119
Code 57 (PID 160, FIVI 2),	0 100
Wall Shall Speed Sellsof Test	2-120
Output Chaft Chard Concer	0 100
	2-123
Output Shoft Speed Separa Test	0 104
Component Code: 61 (SID 20, EMI 5, 6)	2-124
Bail Salact Motor	9_107
Code 61 (SID 30 EMI 5 6)	2-12/
Dute 01 (SID 39, FIVII 3,0), Dail Salact Motor Test	0_100
Component Code: 63 (SID 40 EMI 5 6)	2-120
Coar Salact Motor	0 100
	८-। ३३

Code 63 (SID 40, FMI 5,6),	
Gear Select Motor Test	.2-134
Component Code: 65 (SID 251, FMI 4)	
Low Motor Voltage	2-139
Code 65 (SID 251, FMI 4),	
Low Motor Voltage Test	2-140
Component Code: 71 (SID 60, FMI 7)	
Stuck Engaged	2-143
Code 71 (SID 60, FMI 7), Stuck Engaged Test	2-144
Component Code: 72 (SID 59, FMI 7)	
Failed to Select Rail	.2-149
Code 72 (SID 59, FMI 7),	
Failed to Select Rail Test	.2-150
Component Code: 73 (SID 58, FMI 7)	
Failed to Engage Gear	.2-153
Code 73 (SID 58, FMI 7),	
Failed to Engage Gear Test	.2-154
Component Code: 74 (SID 54, FMI 7)	
Failed to Sync Initial Engagement	.2-157
Code 74 (SID 54, FMI 7),	
Failed to Sync Initial Engagement Test	2-158
Component Code: 83 (SID 18, FMI 14)	
Shift Lever Missing	2-161
Code 83 (SID 18, FMI 14),	
Shift Lever Missing Test	.2-162
-	

# Section 3: Symptom Isolation Procedures

Electrical System	3-1
Electrical System Test	3-2
Front Box Control	3-17
Front Box Control Test	3-18
Gear Display Power Supply	3-29
Gear Display Power Supply Test	3-30
Start Enable Relay Contact	3-37
Start Enable Relay Contact Test	3-38
AutoShift/AutoSelect Will Not Engage a Gear	3-41
AutoShift/AutoSelect Will Not Engage a Gear Test	.3-42
J-1587 Data Link	3-49
J-1587 Data Link Test	3-50
Range System	3-57
Range System Test	3-58
Splitter System	3-61
Splitter System Test	3-62
Up/Down Button	3-65
Up/Down Button Test	3-66
AutoShift/AutoSelect Shift Complaint	3-67
AutoShift/AutoSelect Shift Complaint Test	3-68
Transmission Air Leak	3-73
Transmission Air Leak Test	3-74
Neutral Lock Input	3-79
Neutral Lock Input Test	3-80

# Appendix

Current Style Wiring Harness AutoSelect	A-1
Current Style Wiring Harness AutoShift	A-3
Old Style Wiring Harness AutoSelect	A-5
Old Style Wiring Harness AutoShift	A-7
Check for Proper Clutch Operation	A-9
Confirm Proper Clutch Adjustment	A-10

## **Suggested Tools**

## **Air Gauges**

• 2 (0-100) PSI Air Gauges

## Volt/Ohm Meter

- SPX / Kent-Moore 1 (800) 328-6657
- P/N 5505027

## PC-based Service Tool "ServiceRanger"

• Contact your OEM

## **Data Link Tester**

- Eaton Service Parts 1 (800) 826-HELP (826-4357)
- P/N MF-KIT-04

## **Download Harness Kit**

- Eaton Service Parts 1 (800) 826-HELP (826-4357)
- K-3481

## **Test Adapter Kit**

- SPX / Kent-Moore 1 (800) 328-6657
- Eaton Test Adapter Kit P/N J-43318
- Serial Link Adapter Kit P/N J-38351-B

For more information call 1-800-826-HELP (826-4357)

# Transmission Models Included



## **Diagnostic Procedure**

Follow the flow cart below for all AutoSelect/AutoShift failures. Perform tests and procedures as directed by the flowchart.



## Fault Code Retrieval/Clearing

## **Retrieving Fault Codes**

Retrieve fault codes by enabling the system's self-diagnostic mode.

Note: You can also use a PC- based service tool, such as the ServiceRanger to retrieve fault codes.

- 1. Place the shift lever in neutral.
- 2. Set the parking brake.
- 3. Turn the ignition key on but do not start the engine. If the engine already running, you may still retrieve codes, however, do not engage the starter if the engine stalls.
- 4. To Retrieve Active Codes: Start with the key in the on position. Turn the key off and on two times within five seconds ending with the key in the on position. After five seconds, the service lamp begins flashing two-digit fault codes. If no faults are active, the service light will not flash.



5. To Retrieve Inactive Codes: Start with the key in the on position. Turn the key off and on four times within five seconds ending with the key in the on position. After five seconds, the service lamp begins flashing two-digit fault codes. If there are no inactive faults, the service light will not flash.

4 times

6. Observe the sequence of flashes on the indicator lamp and record the codes. A one to two second pause separates each stored code, and the sequence automatically repeats after all codes have been flashed.



## **Clearing Fault Codes**

The following procedure clears all inactive fault codes from the ECU's memory. Active fault codes are automatically cleared when the fault has been corrected.

Note: You may use a PC-based Service Tool, such as ServiceRanger, to clear fault codes.

- 1. Place the shift lever in neutral.
- 2. Set the parking brake.
- 3. Turn the ignition key on but do not start the engine.
- 4. Start with the key in the on position. Turn the key off and on six times within five seconds ending with the key in the on position.



Note: If the codes have been successfully cleared, the service lamp will come on and stay on for five seconds.

5. Turn key off and allow the system to power down.

# Driving Techniques

Fault Codes	PID	SID	FMI	Description	Type of Code	Driving Technique
11		254	2,12	System Control- ler	Component	Key on. If the fault is present, the system should automatically detect the problem and set the code. If the fault is not present at key on, operate the ve- hicle and attempt to duplicate the driving condi- tions that triggered the fault code. Possible triggers include heat and vibration.
12		233	12	Transmission Controller	Component	Key on. If the fault is present, the system should automatically detect the problem and set the code. If the fault is not present at key on, operate the ve- hicle and attempt to duplicate the driving condi- tions that triggered the fault code. Possible triggers include heat and vibration.
13		236	4,5	Power Connect Relay Coil	Component	Key on. If the fault is present, the system should automatically detect the problem and set the code. If the fault is not present at key on, operate the ve- hicle and attempt to duplicate the driving condi- tions that triggered the fault code. Possible triggers include heat and vibration.
14		18	12	Shift Lever	Component	Key on. If the fault is present, the system should automatically detect the problem and set the code. If the fault is not present at key on, operate the ve- hicle and attempt to duplicate the driving condi- tions that triggered the fault code. Possible triggers include heat, vibration and selecting dif- ferent shift lever positions.
15		57	2	Shift Lever Data Link	Component	Key on. If the fault is present, the system should automatically detect the problem and set the code. If the fault is not present at key on, operate the ve- hicle and attempt to duplicate the driving condi- tions that triggered the fault code. Possible triggers include heat and vibration.
16		248	2	Eaton Proprietary Link (EPL)	Component	Key on. If the fault is present, the system should automatically detect the problem and set the code. If the fault is not present at key on, operate the ve- hicle and attempt to duplicate the driving condi- tions that triggered the fault code. Possible triggers include heat and vibration.
17		237	4	Start Enable Relay Coil	Component	Key on. If the fault is present, the system should automatically detect the problem and set the code. If the fault is not present at key on, operate the ve- hicle and attempt to duplicate the driving condi- tions that triggered the fault code. Possible triggers include heat and vibration.

Fault Codes	PID	SID	FMI	Description	Type of Code	Driving Technique
31	62		3,4	Engine Brake Re- lay Coil	Component	Key on. If the fault is present, the system should automatically detect the problem and set the code. If the fault is not present at key on, operate the ve- hicle and attempt to duplicate the driving condi- tions that triggered the fault code. Possible triggers include heat and vibration.
33	168		4	Battery Voltage Supply	Component	Key on. If the fault is present, the system should automatically detect the problem and set the code. If the fault is not present at key on, operate the ve- hicle and attempt to duplicate the driving condi- tions that triggered the fault code. Possible triggers include heat and vibration.
35		231	2,7	Engine Control Failure	System	Key on. If the fault is present, the system should automatically detect the problem and set the code. If the fault is not present at key on, operate the ve- hicle and attempt to duplicate the driving condi- tions that triggered the fault code. Possible triggers include heat, vibration and varying levels of throttle demand.
41		56	7	Range Failed to Engage	System	Operate the vehicle and perform several range up- shifts and downshifts. The failure is detected after 5 consecutive attempts to complete the same type of range shift. Several shifts (ten or more) may be necessary before the ECU confirms the failure.
42		61	7	Splitter Failed to Engage	System	Operate the vehicle and perform several range up- shifts and downshifts. The failure is detected after 5 consecutive attempts to complete the same type of range shift. Several shifts (ten or more) may be necessary before the ECU confirms the failure.
43		35 or 36	3,4,5	Range Solenoid Valve	Component	Key on. If the fault is present, the system should automatically detect the problem and set the code. If the fault is not present at key on, operate the ve- hicle and attempt to duplicate the driving condi- tions that triggered the fault code. Possible triggers include heat and vibration.
44	54		3,4,5	Interia Brake So- lenoid Coil	Component	Key on. If the fault is present, the system should automatically detect the problem and set the code. If the fault is not present at key on, operate the ve- hicle and attempt to duplicate the driving condi- tions that triggered the fault code. Possible triggers include heat and vibration.
46		37 or 38	4,5	Splitter Solenoid Valve	Component	Key on. If the fault is present, the system should automatically detect the problem and set the code. If the fault is not present at key on, operate the ve- hicle and attempt to duplicate the driving condi- tions that triggered the fault code. Possible triggers include heat and vibration.

Fault Codes	PID	SID	FMI	Description	Type of Code	Driving Technique
51	60		2	Rail Select Sen- sor	Component	Key on. If the fault is present, the system should automatically detect the problem and set the code. If the fault is not present at key on, operate the ve- hicle and attempt to duplicate the driving condi- tions that triggered the fault code. Possible triggers include heat and vibration.
52	59		2	Gear Select Sen- sor	Component	Key on. If the fault is present, the system should automatically detect the problem and set the code. If the fault is not present at key on, operate the ve- hicle and attempt to duplicate the driving condi- tions that triggered the fault code. Possible triggers include heat and vibration.
53		34	2	Reverse Ball Switch	Component	Select a reverse gear (repeatedly).
56	161		2	Input Shaft Speed Sensor	Component	Select a forward gear and drive at a steady speed no slower than 10 m.p.h. It may be necessary to operate the vehicle for a prolonged period of time if the cause of failure is related to heat and vibra- tion.
57	160		2	Main Shaft Speed Sensor	Component	Select a forward gear and drive at a steady speed no slower than 10 m.p.h. It may be necessary to operate the vehicle for a prolonged period of time if the cause of failure is related to heat and vibra- tion.
58	191		2	Output Shaft Speed Sensor	Component	Select a forward gear and drive at a steady speed no slower than 10 m.p.h. It may be necessary to operate the vehicle for a prolonged period of time if the cause of failure is related to heat and vibra- tion.
61		39	5,6	Rail Select Motor	Component	Key on. If the fault is present, the system should automatically detect the problem and set the code. If the fault is not present at key on, operate the ve- hicle and attempt to duplicate the driving condi- tions that triggered the fault code. Possible triggers include heat and vibration.
63		40	5,6	Gear Select Mo- tor	Component	Key on. If the fault is present, the system should automatically detect the problem and set the code. If the fault is not present at key on, operate the ve- hicle and attempt to duplicate the driving condi- tions that triggered the fault code. Possible triggers include heat and vibration.

Fault Codes	PID	SID	FMI	Description	Type of Code	Driving Technique
65		251	4	Low Motor Volt- age	Component	Key on. If the fault is present, the system should automatically detect the problem and set the code. If the fault is not present at key on, operate the ve- hicle and attempt to duplicate the driving condi- tions that triggered the fault code. Possible triggers include heat and vibration.
71		60	7	Stuck Engaged	System	Engage LO gear and allow the vehicle to slowly move forward. While the vehicle is in motion, move the shift lever to Reverse LO and slowly bring the vehicle to a stop. The vehicle will shift into Reverse LO. Several shifts (ten or more) may be necessary before the ECU confirms the failure.
72		59	7	Failed to Select Rail	System	Complete several shifts while the vehicle is in mo- tion, including selections from neutral. Allow the transmission to complete several automatic shifts.
73		58	7	Failed to Engage Gear	System	Complete several shifts while the vehicle is in mo- tion, including selections from neutral. Allow the transmission to complete several automatic shifts.
74		54	7	Failed to Syn Ini- tial Engagement	System	With vehicle stopped, select a drive gear and fully depress the clutch pedal. Return transmission to neutral. Repeat several times.
83		18	14	Shift Lever Miss- ing	Component	Key on. If the fault is present, the system should automatically detect the problem and set the code. If the fault is not present at key on, operate the ve- hicle and attempt to duplicate the driving condi- tions that triggered the fault code. Possible triggers include heat and vibration.

# Fault Code Isolation Procedure Index

Fault Codes	SID	PID	FMI	Description	Type of Code	Page Number
11	1 254		2,12	System Controller	Component	2-27
12	233		12	Transmission Controller	Component	2-29
13	236		4, 5	Power Connect Relay Coil	Component	2-31
14	18		12	Shift Lever	Component	2-35
15	57		2	Shift Lever Data Link	Component	2-39
16	16 248		2	Eaton Proprietary Link	Component	2-45
17	237		4	Start Enable Relay Coil	Component	2-55
31	62		3,4	Engine Brake Relay Coil	Component	2-59
33	168		4	Battery Voltage Supply	Component	2-63
35	231		2,7	Engine Control Failure	System	2-65
41	56		7	Range Failed to Engage	System	2-73
42	61		7	Splitter Failed to Engage	System	2-77
43	35 or 36		3,4,5	Range Solenoid Valve	Component	2-81
44		54	3,4,5	Inertia Brake Solenoid Coil	Component	2-87
46	37 or 38		4,5	Splitter Solenoid Valve	Component	2-93
51		60	2	Rail Select Sensor	Component	2-99
52	59 2		2	Gear Select Sensor	Component	2-109
53	34		2	Reverse Ball Switch	Component	2-119
56		161	2	Input Shaft Speed Sensor	Component	2-125
57		160	2	Main Shaft Speed Sensor	Component	2-129
58		191	2	Output Shaft Speed Sensor	Component	2-133
61	39		5,6	Rail Select Motor	Component	2-137
63	40		5,6	Gear Select Motor	Component	2-145
65	251		4	Low Motor Voltage	Component	2-153
71	60		7	Stuck Engaged	System	2-159
72	59		7	Failed to Select Rail	System	2-165
73	58		7	Failed to Engage Gear	System	2-169
74	54		7	Failed to Sync Initial Engagement	System	2-173
83	18		14	Shift Lever Missing	Component	2-177

# Symptom Driven Diagnostics Index

Symptom	Isolation Procedure	Page Number
Electrical System Test	Electrical System Test	3-1
If "-" is displayed on the Gear Display, and there are no active or inactive codes	Front Box Control Test	3-17
If the Gear Display is not working, and there are no ac- tive or inactive codes	Gear Display Power Supply Test	3-29
If the engine does not start with the Shift Lever is in neutral, and there are no active or inactive codes	Start Enable Relay Contact Test	3-37
If the transmission does not engage a gear, and there are no active or inactive codes	AutoShift/AutoSelect will not Engage a Gear Test	3-41
If the PC-based Service Tool does not work	J-1587 Data Link Test	3-49
If the transmission does not perform range shifts, and there are no active or inactive fault codes	Range System Test	3-57
If the transmission does not perform Splitter Shifts, and there are no active or inactive fault codes	Splitter System Test	3-61
If unable to shift the transmission with the Up/Down Buttons, and there are no Active or Inactive codes	Up/Down Button Test	3-65
If a shift complaint exists and there are no Active or Inactive codes	AutoShift/AutoSelect Shift Complaint Test	3-67
If the transmission has an air leak and there are no Active or Inactive fault codes	Transmission Air Leak Test	3-73
If the Auto Neutral feature is not working	Neutral Lock Input Test	3-79

## **General Information**

This page left blank intentionally.

## **Electrical System Pretest**

### **Overview**

The test does not relate to any specific fault code, but must be completed before performing Fault Code Isolation Table procedures. The pretest verifies the batteries are fully charged.

#### Detection

There is no detection process specifically for the basic electrical supply. However, failures of this type are generally detected by the transmission or driver as some other type of fault code or symptom.

### Fallback

There is no fallback for the electrical pretest, however, it may effect other systems.

## **Required Tools**

- Basic Hand Tools
- Eaton Test Adapter Kit
- Digital Volt/Ohm Meter
- Troubleshooting Guide
- Battery Load Tester

#### **Possible Causes**

This pretest can be used for any of the following:

- Low Batteries
- Starter/Battery connections



# **Electrical System Pretest**

Step A		Procedure	Condition	Action
	1.	Key off.		
	2.	Inspect starter/battery connections for integrity.		
	3.	Measure voltage	If voltage is 11 to 13 volts on a 12 volt system or	
			22 to 26 on a 24 volt	Go to <b>Step V</b> .
			If voltage is outside of range	Repair or replace battery/s and charging system as required. Repeat this step.
Stop V			TS MA MA Condition	Action
Step V	1.	Frocedure Key off.	Condition	Action
	2.	Load Test the Battery/	If the battery/s maintain	Test Complete.
			If the battery/s fail the	Replace the damaged battery/s and

load test

repeat this step.

## **Power-Up Sequence Pretest**

## Overview

A failure during the self-check indicates a failure of the Shift Control.

## Detection

The power-up self-check is performed automatically each time the key is turned on. Turn the key on and watch the service lamp. If power-up stops with the service lamp constantly on, or it never comes on, self-check has failed.

## Fallback

If self-check fails, the product cannot perform any operations.

## **Required Tools**

- Basic Hand Tools
- Eaton Test Adapter Kit
- Digital Volt/Ohm Meter
- Troubleshooting Guide

### **Possible Causes**

This test can be used for the following:

- Shift Control
- Vehicle Harness



# Power-Up Sequence Pretest

Step A		Procedure	Condition	Action
	1.	Key on.		
	2.	Observe service —	If service lamp lights for one second and goes off	Test complete.
			If service lamp never	Go to <b>Step B.</b>
			If service lamp is on steady	Replace Eaton supplied shift tower containing <b>system manager</b> and <b>shift lever.</b> If vehicle has the System Manager ECU mounted in a separate location from the Shift Lever, go to <b>Step C.</b>
Step B		Procedure	Condition	Action
	1.	Key off.		
	2.	Disconnect shift lever 24-way connector.		
	3.	Key on.		
	4.	Measure voltage between shift lever 24-way connector pins A1 and B1.	If voltage is within 1 volt of battery voltage	Replace shift lever. Go to Step A.
			If voltage is outside of range	Repair or replace tower harness. Go to Step A.
		VOLTS VOLTS		

# Power-Up Sequence Pretest , continued

Step C	Procedure	Condition	Action
1	1. Key on.		
1	<ol> <li>Connect hand-held diagnostic tool to transmission diagnostic port.</li> </ol>		
ť	<ol> <li>Select monitor data and view "TRANS_RNG_SEL".</li> </ol>		
2	4. Disconnect shift lever 24-way		
ł	<ul> <li>5. Place a jumper between shift lever 24-way connector pins:</li> <li>A1 and B3</li> <li>B1 and B4</li> </ul>	If TRANS_RNG_SEL	Go to <b>Step D</b> .
		If hand-held diagnostic tool does not read TRANS_RNG_SEL "HI"	Go to Step E.
			Image: 10 min state         Image: 10 min sta

## Power-Up Sequence Pretest, continued



## Power-Up Sequence Pretest, continued



# Power-Up Sequence Pretest , continued

This page left blank intentionally.

## **Air Pretest**

#### Overview

The pretest does not relate to any specific fault code, but must be completed before performing Fault Code Isolation Table procedures. The pretest verifies that the basic air input is OK before testing individual system functions.

#### Detection

There is no detection process specifically for the basic air supply. However, failures of this type are generally detected by the transmission or driver as some other type of fault code or symptom.

## Fallback

There is no fallback mode for air pretest, however, it may effect other systems.

## **Required Tools**

- Basic Hand Tools
- 0-100 PSI Air Pressure Gauge
- Troubleshooting Guide

#### **Possible Causes**

This pretest can be used for any of the following:

- Low Air Pressure
- Contaminated Air
- Air Filter / Regulator



## **Air Pretest**

Step A	Procedure	Condition	Action
	1. Key off.		
	2. Install a 0 to 100 PSI air gauge in the requlated test port of the air filter/regulator.		
	<ol> <li>Start engine and allow air pressure to build to governor cut- off.</li> </ol>	If air pressure cuts off at 90 to 120 PSI	Go to <b>Step B</b> .
		If air pressure is outside	Repair vehicle air system as required. Repeat this step.
Stor. D	R	egulated test port	) Action
Step B	Procedure	Condition	Action
	I. NEY OII.		
	2. Monitor air pressure. —	If vehicle maintains air	Go to <b>Step C</b> .
		lf vehicle loses air 🔶	Repair vehicle air system as required. Repeat this step.

# Air Pretest, continued

Step C	Procedure	Condition	Action
	<ol> <li>Read air pressure gauge installed at the requlated port.</li> </ol>	If air pressure is 55 to 65 PSI	Test Complete.
		If air pressure is outside of range	Repair vehicle air system as required. Repeat this <b>Step V.</b>
Step V	Procedure	Condition	Action
Step V	Procedure 1. Remove air supply line to the air filter/ regulator and check air flow.	<b>Condition</b> If air flows from the supply line	Action Replace air filter/regulator. Go to Step C.

# Air Pretest, continued

This page left blank intentionally.

## Component Code: 11 (SID 254, FMI 2,12) System Manager

#### **Overview**

This fault code indicates an internal failure of the System Manager ECU.

#### Detection

The System Manager checks the program memory every time the key is turned on. If the System Manager ECU is able to detect a failure within its own memory, it sets this fault code.

#### Fallback

This fault causes an In Place fallback while moving and a selfcheck failure if it occurs during power-up.

## **Required Tools**

- Basic Hand Tools
- AutoSelect/AutoShift Troubleshooting Guide

#### **Possible Causes**

This fault can be caused by any of the following:

- Improper configuration software
- Fault System Manager ECU



## Code 11 (SID 254, FMI 2,12), System Controller Test



## Component Code: 12 (SID 233, FMI 12) Transmission ECU

#### Overview

The code indicates an internal failure of the Transmission ECU.

#### Detection

The Transmission ECU checks the program memory every time the key is turned on. If the transmission is able to detect a failure within its own memory, it sets this fault code.

#### Fallback

This fault causes an In Place fallback while moving and a failure during system initialization.

## **Required Tools**

- Basic Hand Tools
- AutoSelect/AutoShift Troubleshooting Guide

#### **Possible Causes**

This fault can be caused by any of the following:

- Improper configuration software
- Faulty Transmission ECU



## Code 12 (SID 233, FMI 12), Transmission ECU Test



## Component Code: 13 (SID 236, FMI 4,5) Power Connect Relay Coil

#### **Overview**

This code indicates an electrical failure of the relay used to distribute power throughout the transmission system.

#### Detection

The System Manager checks the integrity of the Power Connect Relay Coil. If it detects a short to ground or open it sets a fault.

#### Fallback

This fault causes and In Place fallback while moving and a failure during system initialization.

## **Required Tools**

- Basic Hand Tools
- Digital Volt/Ohm Meter
- AutoSelect/AutoShift Troubleshooting Guide

#### **Possible Causes**

This fault can be caused by any of the following:

- System manager ECU
- Tower harness
- Power connect relay



## Code 13 (SID 236, FMI 4,5), Power Connect Relay Coil Test


Code 13 (SID 236, FMI 4,5	, Power Connect Relay	/ Coil Test, continued
---------------------------	-----------------------	------------------------

Step B	Procedure	Condition	Action
	1. Remove power connect relay connector from tower harness.		
	<ol> <li>Measure resistance between power connect relay pins 85 and 86.</li> </ol>	If resistance is 40 to 90 ohms	Repair or replace tower harness. Go to Step V.
		If resistance is outside of range	Replace power connect relay. Go to Step V.

87a

30

Л

85

86

OHMS

Step V		Procedure		Condition	Action
	1.	Key off.			
	2.	Reconnect all connect	ors.		
	3.	Key on.			
	4.	Clear Fault Codes (see	page 1-4)		
	5.	Use Driving Techni page 1-6) to attempt to code.	que (see o reset the		
	6.	Retrieve Fault Coc page 1-4)	les (see	If no codes	Test complete.
				If code 13 appears	Return to <b>Step A</b> to find error in testing.
				If code other than 13 appears	Go to Fault Code Isolation Procedure Index (see page 1-10).

Code 13 (SID 236, FMI 4,5), Power Connect Relay Coil Test, continued

This page left blank intentionally.

## Component Code: 14 (SID 18, FMI 12) Shift Lever

## **Overview**

This code indicates an internal failure of the shift lever.

## Detection

Starting at key-on and throughout operation, the System Manager constantly measures the feedback from the Shift Lever circuit. If the feedback is out of range, the fault is set. This type of failure represents a short to battery, short to ground, or open circuit.

## Fallback

This fault causes a downshift only fallback.

## **Required Tools**

- Basic Hand Tools
- Digital Volt/Ohm Meter
- AutoSelect/AutoShift Troubleshooting Guide

## **Possible Causes**

This fault can be caused by any of the following:

- Malfunctioning shift lever
- System Manager
- OEM harness



# Code 14 (SID 18, FMI 12), Shift Lever Test

Step A	Procedure	Condition	Action
1.	Key off.		
2.	Disconnect shift lever 24-way connector.		
3.	Key on.		
4.	Measure voltage across shift lever 24-way connector pins A1 and B1.	If voltage is within 1 volt of battery voltage	Replace shift lever (Only if Fault Code is Active). Go to Step V.
		If voltage is outside of range	Repair ignition supply to shift lever. Go to <b>Step V.</b>
		■A□ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □	9 10 11 12

Step V	Procedure	Condition	Action
1.	. Key off.		
2.	. Reconnect all connectors.		
3.	. Key on.		
4.	. Clear Fault Codes (see page 1-4)		
5.	. Use Driving Technique (see page 1-6) to attempt to reset the code.		
6.	. Retrieve Fault Codes (see page 1-4)	If no codes	Test complete.
		If code 14 appears	Return to <b>Step A</b> to find error in testing.
		If code other than 14 appears	Go to Fault Code Isolation Procedure Index (see page 1-10).

# Code 14 (SID 18, FMI 12), Shift Lever Test, continued

Code 14 (SID 18, FMI 12), Shift Lever Test, continued

This page left blank intentionally.

## Component Code: 15 (SID 57, FMI 2) Shift Lever Data Link

### **Overview**

This code indicates that the system manager ECU and the shift lever are unable to communicate.

### Detection

The System Manager constantly monitors communication with the Shift Lever and sets a fault if communication drops out.

## Fallback

There is no Fallback Mode for this fault.

## **Required Tools**

- Basic Hand Tools
- Hand-Held Diagnostic Tool
- Digital Volt/Ohm Meter
- AutoSelect/AutoShift Troubleshooting Guide

## **Possible Causes**

This fault can be caused by any of the following:

- Damaged shift lever data link
- Malfunctioning shift lever
- Malfunctioning system manager ECU



Step A	Procedure	Condition	Action
	1. Key on.		
	2. Retrieve Fault Codes (see page 1-4)	If code 15 is active	Replace Eaton supplied shift tower containing <b>system manager</b> and <b>shift lever.</b> If vehicle has the system manager ECU mounted in a separate location from the shift lever, go to <b>Step B.</b>
		If code 15 is inactive	Test complete.
Step B	Procedure	Condition	Action
	1. Key off.		
	2. Connect hand-held diagnostic tool to transmission diagnostic		

Step B	Procedure	Condition	Action
	1. Key off.		
	<ol> <li>Connect hand-held diagnostic tool to transmission diagnostic port.</li> </ol>		
	<ol> <li>Select monitor data view "TRANS_RNG_SEL".</li> </ol>		
	Disconnect shift lever 24-way connector.		
	Place a jumper between shift lever 24-way connector pins: • A1 and B3 • B1 and B4	If TRANS_RNG_SEL reads "HI"	Go to <b>Step C</b> .
		If hand-held diagnostic tool does not read TRANS_RNG_SEL "HI"	Go to <b>Step D</b> .



Step C	Procedure	Condition	Action
	1. Remove jumpers.		
	<ul> <li>2. Place a jumper between shift lever 24-way connector pins:</li> <li>• B1 and B3</li> <li>• A1 and B4</li> </ul>	If TRANS_RNG_SEL reads "LO"	Replace shift lever. Go to Step V.
		If hand-held diagnostic tool does not read TRANS_RNG_SEL "LO"	Go to <b>Step D</b> .



Step D	Procedure	Condition	Action
	1. Disconnect system manager 32- way connector.		
	<ol> <li>Measure resistance between system manager 32-way connector pins and shift lever 24-way connector pins:         <ul> <li>32-way D8 and 24-way B8</li> <li>32-way C8 and 24-way B7</li> <li>32-way D9 and 24-way B6</li> <li>32-way C9 and 24-way B5</li> <li>32-way C13 and 24-way B4</li> <li>32-way D13 and 24-way B3</li> </ul> </li> </ol>	If resistance for each measurement is 0 to .3 ohms	Replace system manger ECU. Go to Step V.
		If any measurement is outside of range	Repair or replace tower harness as required. Go to Step V.
		System Manager 32-way Con	nector
			] 2 ]

Shift Lever 24-way Connector

Step V	Procedure	Condition	Action
1	. Key off.		
2	. Reconnect all connectors.		
3	3. Key on.		
4	<ul> <li>Clear Fault Codes. (see page 1- 4)</li> </ul>		
5	<ol> <li>Use Driving Technique (see page 1-6) to attempt to reset the code.</li> </ol>		
6	5. Retrieve Fault Codes(see page 1-4)	If no codes —	Test complete.
		If code 15 appears —	Return to <b>Step A</b> to find error in testing.
		If code other than 15	Go to Fault Code Isolation Procedure Index. (see page 1-10)

This page left blank intentionally.

## Component Code: 16 (SID 248, FMI 2) Eaton Proprietary Link (EPL)

### **Overview**

This code indicates that the system manager ECU and the transmission ECU are unable to communicate.

### Detection

Starting at key-on and throughout operation, the System Manager constantly monitors the communication with the Transmission ECU. If a communication fault occurs for more than five seconds, fault code 16 is set.

### Fallback

This fault causes an In Place fallback while moving and a failure during system initialization.

## **Required Tools**

- Basic Hand Tools
- Hand-Held Diagnostic Tool
- Digital Volt/Ohm Meter
- AutoSelect/AutoShift Troubleshooting Guide
- Data Link Tester

### **Possible Causes**

This fault can be caused by any of the following:

- Damaged transmission interface harness
- Damaged transmission harness
- Damaged tower or OEM harness
- Malfunctioning transmission ECU
- Malfunctioning system manager ECU
- Powers and Grounds
- Damaged PIM









Step D	Procedure	Condition	Action
1	. Remove jumper.		
2	Disconnect transmission harness from transmission interface harness.		
3	Disconnect power interface module from transmission harness.		
4	. Measure resistance between transmission ECU 24-way connector pin 14 and power interface module connector pin A on transmission harness. This procedure is checking the resistance of the ground wire supplied by the pim to the transmission ecu.		
5	Measure resistance between transmission harness 6-way connector pin D and transmission ECU 24-way connector pin 1. This procedure is checking resistance of the power connect relay feed from the 6-way connector to the transmission ecu.	If both measurements are 0 to .3 ohms	Repair or replace vehicle interface harness or tower harness. Go to Step V.
		If either measurement is	Repair or replace transmission harness. Go to Step V.



Step F	Procedure	Condition	Action
	<ol> <li>Key off. Allow transmission to power down.</li> </ol>		
	<ol> <li>Disconnect transmission ECU 32-way connector.</li> </ol>		
	3. Remove EPL tester from system manager 32-way connector.		
	Measure resistance between system manager 32-way connector pins C2 and D1 and from each pin to ground.	If resistance for each measurement is more than 10K ohms or open circuit (OL)	Go to <b>Step G</b> .
		If resistance of any measurement is less than 10K ohms	Go to Step H.



Step G	Procedure	Condition	Action
	1. Place a jumper across transmission ECU 32-way connector pins 29 and 30.		
	2. Measure resistance between system manager 32-way connector pins C2 and D1.	If resistance is 0 to .3	Replace transmission ECU. Go to Step V.
		If resistance is outside of range	Go to <b>Step H</b> .
		18         15         14         13         12         11         10         9         8         7         8         5         4         3         2           18         15         14         13         12         11         10         9         8         7         8         5         4         3         2           18         15         14         13         12         11         10         9         8         7         8         5         4         3         2           18         10         10         10         10         10         10         10         10         10         10         10         10         10         10         10         10         10         10         10         10         10         10         10         10         10         10         10         10         10         10         10         10         10         10         10         10         10         10         10         10         10         10         10         10         10         10         10         10         10         10         10         10         10         10	

Step H	Procedure	Condition	Action
	1. Reconnect system manager 32- way connector.		
	2. Disconnect transmission harness 3-way connector from transmission interface harness.		
	3. Remove any jumper wires currently in place.		
	4. Measure resistance between transmission harness 3-way connector pins A and B and from each pin to ground.	If resistance for each measurement is more than 10K ohms or open circuit (OL)	Go to <b>Step H</b> .
	Note: Depending on which connector you have, refer to either the old style or the new style connector illustration.		
		If resistance of any measurement is less than 10K ohms	Repair or replace transmission harness.Go to Step V.
	GRO	New Style	GROUND
	GROUN	Did Style	GROUND

#### Step I **Procedure** Condition Action 1. Measure resistance between transmission ECU 32-way 29 and connector pin transmission harness 3-way connector pin A. Note: Depending on which connector you have, refer to either the old style or the new style connector illustration. 2. Measure resistance If both measurements are Repair OEM wiring from system between 0 to .3 ohms manager ECU to transmission. Go transmission ECU 32to Step V. way connector pin 30 and transmission harness 3-way connector pin B. If either measurement is Repair or replace transmission harness.Go to Step V. outside of range CHEIS CHUS 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 $\bigcirc$ 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 $(\bigcirc)$ <u>32 31 30 28 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 11</u> Ť Ť 32 31 30 29 28 27 28 25 24 23 22 21 20 $\overline{}$ @A Bo **C** ⊚ **New Style Old Style** OHES CES 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 18 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 8 5 4 3 2 1 $(\square)$ $(\square)$ 32 31 30 29 28 27 28 26 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 32 31 30 29 28 27 26 26 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 T COM Y CONS Ô۸ Bo ⇮ە▏ᠿ᠍᠍╡ j¢∣ ĝie **Old Style** New Style



This page left blank intentionally.

## Component Code: 17 (SID 237, FMI 4) Start Enable Relay Coil

### **Overview**

This fault code indicates an electrical failure of the relay that allows the engine to start after start-up conditions are met.

### Detection

Starting at key-on and throughout operation, the System Manager constantly measures the circuit. A failure mode of short to battery, short to ground, or open circuit is detected.

## Fallback

The start enable relay has no fallback, however, if the failure occurred before the engine was started, it is possible the engine will not start.

## **Required Tools**

- Basic Hand Tools
- Digital Volt/Ohm Meter
- AutoSelect/AutoShift Troubleshooting Guide

### **Possible Causes**

This fault can be caused by any of the following:

- Relay coil open or shorted
- Damaged tower or OEM harness
- Malfunctioning system manager ECU



# Code 17 (SID 237, FMI 4), Start Enable Relay Coil Test

Step A	Procedure	Condition	Action
	1. Key off.		
2	2. Disconnect system manager.		
Ś	3. Measure resistance between system manager 24-way connector pin A1 and ground.	If resistance is 40 to 120	Replace system manager ECU (Only if Fault Code is Active). Go to Step V.
		If resistance is outside of	Go to <b>Step B</b> .
		A	Image: 10 to 11 to 12 to 10 to 11 to 12 to 10 t

## Code 17 (SID 237, FMI 4), Start Enable Relay Coil Test, continued



- code.
- 6. Retrieve Fault Codes (see page 1-4).

If no codes

If code 17 appears

appears

Test complete

Return to Step A to find error in testing.

If code other than 17 Go to Fault Code Isolation Procedure Index. (see page 1-10)

Code 17 (SID 237, FMI 4), Start Enable Relay Coil Test, continued

This page left blank intentionally.

## Component Code: 31 (PID 62, FMI 3,4) Engine Brake Relay Coil

### **Overview**

This code indicates an electrical failure of the relay used to inhibit the engine brake during shifts.

### Detection

Starting at key-on and throughout operation, the System Manager constantly measures this circuit. A failure mode of a short to battery, short to ground, or open circuit is detected.

## Fallback

There is no fallback mode with this fault.

## **Required Tools**

- Basic Hand Tools
- Digital Volt/Ohm Meter
- AutoSelect/AutoShift Troubleshooting Guide

### **Possible Causes**

This fault can be caused by any of the following:

- Relay coil open or shorted
- Damaged tower or OEM harness
- Malfunctioning system manager ECU



# Code 31 (PID 62, FMI 3,4), Engine Brake Relay Coil Test

Step A	Procedure	Condition	Action
	1. Key off.		
:	2. Disconnect system manager 24- way connector.		
;	<ol> <li>Measure resistance between system manager 24-way connector pin A3 and ground.</li> </ol>	If resistance is 40 to 90	Replace system manager ECU (Only if Fault Code is Active). Go to Step V.
		If resistance is outside of	Go to <b>Step B.</b>
	OHMS V COMA V COMA GROLAND		

# Code 31 (PID 62, FMI 3,4), Engine Brake Relay Coil Test, continued

Step B	Procedure	Condition	Action
	1. Remove engine brake inhibit relay from OEM dash harness.		
	2. Measure resistance between engine brake inhibit relay pins 85 and 86.	If resistance is 40 to 90	Repair OEM wiring from system manager ECU to engine brake inhibit relay. Go to <b>Step V.</b>
		If resistance is outside of range	Replace engine brake inhibit relay. Go to <b>Step V.</b>
		86 87a 85 30 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	



## Code 31 (PID 62, FMI 3,4), Engine Brake Relay Coil Test, continued

## Component Code: 33 (PID 168, FMI 4) Battery Voltage Supply

### **Overview**

This code indicates the system manager has detected that the battery power supply is low.

### Detection

The fault is detected immediately after power-up. This fault causes the service lamp to flash, but cannot be retrieved via key clicks (because turning the ignition key off at this point results in an immediate shutdown).

### Fallback

This fault causes an In Place fallback.

## **Required Tools**

- Basic Hand Tools
- Digital Volt/Ohm Meter
- AutoSelect/AutoShift Troubleshooting Guide
- •

## **Possible Causes**

This fault can be caused by any of the following:

- Battery bus fuse/circuit breaker is open
- Low batteries
- Damaged tower or OEM harness
- Damaged transmission harness
- Malfunctioning power connect relay
- Malfunctioning system manager ECU



# Code 33 (PID 168, FMI 4), Battery Voltage Supply Test

Step A	Procedure	Condition	Action
_	1. Key off.		
	<ol> <li>Inspect starter/battery, inline fuse holder and PIM connections for integrity.</li> </ol>	lf okay ──►	Go to <b>Step B</b> .
		If corroded or loose —	Repair wiring or battery connections. Go to <b>Step V.</b>



Code 33 (PID 168, FMI 4), Battery Voltage Supply Test, continued




# Component Code: 35 (SID 231, FMI 2,7) Engine Control Failure

### Overview

This code indicates the AutoShift failed to receive information from the engine or the engine failed to properly respond to throttle control during a shift as commanded by the engine J-1939 data link.

### Detection

75 seconds after key-on and throughout the operation, the System Manager constantly monitors the communication with the engine ECM. If a communication fault occurs for more than five seconds, fault code 35 is set.

### Fallback

If the fault occurs while moving, it causes a 1-speed fallback. Once vehicle has stopped, the starting gear and reverse can be engaged. If the failure occurs at system initialization, it causes an AutoSelect fallback mode.

## **Required Tools**

- Basic Hand Tools
- Hand-Held Diagnostic Tool
- Digital Volt/Ohm Meter
- AutoSelect/AutoShift Troubleshooting Guide
- Data Link Tester

### **Possible Causes**

- Faulty J-1939 data link
- · Faulty vehicle interface harness or connections
- Faulty engine harness or connections
- Excessive radio interference
- Faulty engine ECM
- Faulty engine fuel pump
- Faulty system manager ECU



#### Condition Step A **Procedure** Action 1. Key off. 2. Disconnect system manager 32way connector. 3. Disconnect engine ECM's connector which contains the J-1939 data link. 4. Measure • If resistance between Go to Step B. resistance between: pin C5 and engine ECM pin # (see chart) is 0 to .3 System manager 32-way connector pin C5 and ohms and engine ECM pin # (see chart) • If resistance between pin C5 and • System manager 32-way pin ground is more than 10K ohms or C5 and ground open circuit (OL) If resistance is outside of Repair J-1939 data link harness between engine ECM and system range manager. Go to Step V. OHMS □C 16 □D (1 <sup>00</sup> 6 TF **Engine ECM** OHMS 8 U Ь J-1939 ECM Pin Out Chart CATERPILLAR DETROIT CUMMINS MACK CELECT Plus ADENII ADENIII DEDC III & IV ISH V-Nac III

70-way P1

connector

50

40-way Pl

connector 33 6-way communication

F

connector

50-way C1

connector

46

3-way J-1939

connector

Engine controller

8

EJ2 connector

# Code 35 (SID 231, FMI 2,7), Engine Control Failure Test









Ð

Step E		Procedure		Cor	dition				Action	
	1.	Key off.								
	No	ote: Data link test is designed to test a signal from an individual ECU. The ECU must be isolated from the rest of the Data link.								
	2.	Reconnect engine ECM connector and system manager 32-way connector.								
	3.	Disconnect the 3-way stub connector, which connects the transmission into the J-1939 data link.								
	<ol> <li>Connect the data link tester to the 3-way stub connector, which connects the transmission into the J-1939 data link.</li> </ol>									
	Red lead from data link tester connects to the +J-1939     Plack lead from data link tester		FATCM	CATERPILLAR	J-1939 ECI	I Pin Out Chart	CINNES		MACK	
			Autochilt Manny shift	ADEMI ADEMI	ADEMI 70-mmy P1	DEDC III & W	Stame C4	CELECT Plan	V-liec II Engine ECU	
		connects to the -J-1939	1.11930	control connector	connector	connector	connector	connector	connector A	EJ2 connector
			J-1139	62	29	31	E	n	B	39
		Note: If vehicle does not use 3-	Shield	63	3	e	D	35	C	29
then do no reconnect the engine ECM connector and connect the data link tester across the +/- J- 1939 terminals (see chart).		Syste 32-Wa	<b>m Manager</b> ay Connector		Data Link Tordar SOUTHMUTY TEST SELF TEST OF 07 COMMANDATION TEST					
	5.	Place the data link tester in communication mode.								
	6.	Key on. —	If LEC	D is solid o	r flashing		Prob ECM manu Go to	lem ex . Re ufacture o <b>Step V</b>	kists witl pair ac er's reco <b>/.</b>	h the engine ccording to mmendations

Replace system manager. Go to Step V.

Step V	Procedure	Condition	Action
1.	Key off.		
2	Key on.		
3	Clear Fault Codes (see page 1-4)		
4	Use Driving Technique to attempt to reset the code (see page 1-6)		
5.	Retrieve Fault Codes (see page 1-4)	If no codes —	Test complete.
		If code 35 appears —	Return to <b>Step A</b> to find error in testing.
		If code other than 35 <b>——</b>	Go to Fault Code Isolation Procedure Index. (see page 1-10)

This page left blank intentionally.

# Component Code: 41 (SID 56, FMI 7) Range Failed to Engage

### **Overview**

This code indicates the transmission is unable to complete a shift across the range. The range is either stuck in HI or LO, or cannot complete engagement in HI or LO.

### Detection

The transmission attempts the same range shift five consecutive times and determines the shift cannot be completed based on the speeds across the back box.

### Fallback

This fault causes a 5-speed fallback and the transmission stays in either LO range or HI range. When the vehicle comes to a stop, an attempt to shift into LO range is made.

## **Required Tools**

- Basic Hand Tools
- (2) 0-100 PSI Air Pressure Gauges
- AutoSelect/AutoShift Troubleshooting Guide

### **Possible Causes**

- Low air pressure
- Contaminated air supply
- Air leak
- Range solenoid stuck
- Failed range synchronizer
- Failed range actuator/cylinder/piston/yoke



Step A		Procedure	Condition	Action
	1.	Key off.		
	2.	Install both 0 to 100 PSI air gauges into the range valve diagnostic ports.		
	3.	Start vehicle and allow air pressure to reach governor cut- off.		
	4.	Release clutch to register input speed in transmission.		
	5.	Turn off engine, but leave key in "ON" position.		
	6.	With the shift control, select reverse and back to neutral.	If LO range gauge = 55 to 65 PSI and If HI range gauge = 0 PSI	Go to <b>Step B</b> .
			Note: 5 minutes is allowed for checking the pressure after moving the shift lever to neutral.	
			If both air gauges do not	Repair or replace range valve and range cylinder as required. Retest.

# Code 41 (SID 56, FMI 7), Range Failed to Engage Test

# Code 41 (SID 56, FMI 7), Range Failed to Engage Test, continued

Step B	Procedure	Condition	Action
	1. Move shift lever to reverse, press upshift button, and move	If HI range gauge = 55 to 65 PSI and If LO range gauge = 0 PSI	Repair or replace mechanical range system as required. Go to <b>Step V.</b>
	lever back to neutral.	Note: 5 minutes is allowed for	
	Note: If shift lever DOES NOT have upshift buttons, move shift lever to reverse and place a jumper between service port connector pins B and D. Remove jumper and place shift lever in neutral.	checking the pressure after moving the shift lever to neutral.	
		If both air gauges do not read in range	Repair or replace range valve and range cylinder as required. Go to Step V.





# Code 41 (SID 56, FMI 7), Range Failed to Engage Test, continued

# Component Code: 42 (SID 61, FMI 7) Splitter Failed to Engage

### **Overview**

This code indicates the transmission is unable to complete a shift across the splitter. The splitter is either stuck in HI or LO, or cannot complete engagement in HI or LO.

### Detection

The transmission attempts the same splitter shift five consecutive times and determines the shift cannot be completed based on the speeds across the back box.

### Fallback

This fault causes a 9-speed fallback and the transmission stays in either LO split or HI split.

## **Required Tools**

- Basic Hand Tools
- (2) 0-100 PSI Air Pressure Gauges
- AutoSelect/AutoShift Troubleshooting Guide

### **Possible Causes**

- Low air pressure
- Contaminated air supply
- Air leak
- Splitter solenoid stuck
- Failed splitter actuator/cylinder/piston/yoke



Condition

Action

and splitter cylinder as required.

Go to Step V.

	2.	With shift control select reverse, press upshift button and	If LO split gauge = 55 to 65 and If HI split gauge = 0 PSI	Repair or replace mechanical splitter system as required. Go to <b>Step V.</b>
	1.	Key on.		
Step B		Procedure	Condition	Action
			If both gauges do not read in range	Repair or replace splitter valve and splitter cylinder cover as required. Repeat this step.
			Note: 5 minutes is allowed for checking the pressure after moving the shift lever to neutral.	
	6.	With the shift control, select reverse and back to neutral.	If HI split gauge = 55 to 65 PSI and If LO split gauge = 0 PSI	Go to <b>Step B.</b>
	5.	Turn off engine, but leave key in "ON" position.		
	4.	Release clutch to register input speed in transmission.		
	3.	Start vehicle and allow air pressure to reach governor cut-off.		
	2.	Install both 0 to 100 PSI air gauges into the splitter valve diagnostic ports.		

read in range

# Code 42 (SID 6,1, FMI 7), Splitter Failed to Engage Test

Procedure

1. Key off.

Step A

#### Condition Step V Action Procedure 1. Disconnect gauges. 2. Reconnect all connectors. 3. Key on. 4. Clear Fault Codes (see page 1-4) 5. Use Driving Technique (see page 1-6) to attempt to reset the code. 6. Retrieve Fault Codes Test complete. If no codes (see page 1-4) If code 42 appears Return to Step A to find error in testing. If code other than 42 Go to Fault Code Isolation Procedure Index. (see page 1-10) appears

# Code 42 (SID 6,1, FMI 7), Splitter Failed to Engage Test, continued

Code 42 (SID 6,1, FMI 7), Splitter Failed to Engage Test, continued

This page left blank intentionally.

# Component Code: 43 (SID 35,36, FMI 3,4,5) Range Solenoid Valve

### **Overview**

This code indicates an electrical failure of the solenoids that control the pneumatic range valve.

### Detection

Starting at key-on and throughout operation, the Transmission Controller constantly measures this circuit. A failure mode of short to battery, short to ground, or open circuit is detected.

### Fallback

This fault causes a 5-speed fallback and the transmission stays in either LO range or HI range. When the vehicle comes to a stop, an attempt to shift into LO range is made.

## **Required Tools**

- Basic Hand Tools
- Digital Volt/Ohm Meter
- AutoSelect/AutoShift Troubleshooting Guide

### **Possible Causes**

- Range solenoid coil open or shorted
- Damaged transmission harness
- Malfunctioning transmission ECU





Step B	Procedure	Condition	Action
	1. Measure resistance between transmission ECU 24-way connector pin 8 and ground.	If resistance is more than 10K ohms or open circuit (OL	Replace transmission ECU (Only if Fault Code is Active). Go to Step V.
		If resistance is less than 10K ohms	Go to <b>Step C.</b>
	12 11 24 23	10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13	GROUND



Step D	Procedure	Condition	Action
	1. Measure resistance between range valve pin C and ground.	If resistance is more than 10K ohms or open circuit (OL)	Repair or replace transmission harness. Go to Step V.
		If resistance is less than 10K ohms	<ul> <li>Replace range valve. Go to Step</li> <li>V.</li> </ul>
			OHMS COMA COMA GROUND

Step V	Procedure	Condition	Action
- 1.	. Key off.		
2.	. Reconnect all connectors.		
3.	. Key on.		
4.	. Clear Fault Codes (see page 1-4)		
5.	. Use Driving Technique (see page 1-6) to attempt to reset the code.		
6.	. Retrieve Fault Codes (see page 1-4)	If no codes —►	Test complete.
		If code 43 appears —	Return to <b>Step A</b> to find error in testing.
		If code other than 43	Go to Fault Code Isolation Procedure Index. (see page 1-10)

This page left blank intentionally.

# Component Code: 44 (PID 54, FMI 3,4,5) Interia Brake Solenoid Coil

### **Overview**

This code indicates an electrical problem in the interia brake.

### Detection

Starting at key-on and throughout operation, the Transmission Controller constantly measures this circuit. A failure mode of a short to battery, short to ground, or open circuit is detected.

### Fallback

There is no fallback associated with this failure. However, it may be difficult to perform an initial engagement due to a poorly adjusted clutch. Also, hill shifting performance may be reduced.

## **Required Tools**

- Basic Hand Tools
- Digital Volt/Ohm Meter
- AutoSelect/AutoShift Troubleshooting Guide

#### **Possible Causes**

- Relay coil open or shorted
- Damaged transmission harness
- Malfunctioning transmission ECU



# Code 44 (PID 54, FMI 3,4,5), Interia Brake Solenoid Coil Test



Code 44 (PID 54, FMI 3,4,5), Interia Brake Solenoid Coil Test, continued



Code 44 (PID 54, FMI 3,4,5), Interia Brake Solenoid Coil Test, continued

Step C	Procedure	Condition	Action
	1. Disconnect transmission harness from interia brake solenoid coil.		
	<ol> <li>Measure resistance between inertia brake solenoid coil pins A and B.</li> </ol>	If resistance is 13 to 18	Go to <b>Step D</b> .
		If resistance is outside of	<b>Replace inertia brake solenoid.</b> Go to <b>Step V.</b>
	(	A B B C COM A	

Code 44 (PID 54	, FMI 3,4,5),	Interia Brake	<b>Solenoid Coil</b>	Test, continued
-----------------	---------------	---------------	----------------------	-----------------

Step D	Procedure	Condition	Action
1.	Measure resistance between interia brake solenoid coil pin A and ground.	If resistance is more than 10K ohms or open circuit (OL)	Repair or replace transmission harness. Go to Step V.
		If resistance is less than 10K ohms	<b>Replace inertia brake solenoid.</b> Go to <b>Step V</b> .
		OHMS S CONA GROUND	

Step V	Procedure	Condition	Action
- 1.	. Key off.		
2.	. Reconnect all connectors.		
3.	. Key on.		
4.	. Clear Fault Codes (see page 1-4)		
5.	. Use Driving Technique (see page 1-6) to attempt to reset the code.		
6.	Retrieve Fault Codes (see page 1-4)	If no codes —	Test complete.
		If code 44 appears —	Return to <b>Step A</b> to find error in testing.
		If code other than 44	Go to Fault Code Isolation Procedure Index. (see page 1-10)

Code 44 (PID 54, FMI 3,4,5), Interia Brake Solenoid Coil Test, continued

This page left blank intentionally.

# Component Code: 46 (SID 37,38, FMI 4,5) Splitter Solenoid Valve

### **Overview**

This code indicates an electrical failure of the solenoids that control the splitter.

### Detection

Starting at key-on and throughout operation, the Transmission Controller constantly measures this circuit. Depending on the reading, a failure mode of short to battery, short to ground, or open circuit is detected.

#### Fallback

This fault causes a 9-speed fallback and the transmission stays in either LO split or HI split.

### **Required Tools**

- Basic Hand Tools
- Digital Volt/Ohm Meter
- AutoSelect/AutoShift Troubleshooting Guide

#### **Possible Causes**

- Solenoid coil open or shorted
- Damaged transmission harness
- Malfunctioning transmission ECU







Step B	Procedure	Condition	Action
1	Measure resistance between transmission ECU 24-way connector pin 23 and ground.	If resistance is more than 10K ohms or open circuit (OL)	Replace transmission ECU (Only if Fault Code is Active). Go to Step V.
		If resistance is less than 10K ohms	Go to <b>Step C</b> .
		10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 22 21 20 19 18 17 18 15 14 13 10 19 18 17 18 15 14 13	



Step D	Procedure	Condition	Action
1.	Measure resistance between range valve pin C and ground.	If resistance is more than 10K ohms or open circuit (OL)	<b>Repair or replace transmission</b> harness. Go to Step V.
		If resistance is less than 10K ohms	Replace range valve. Go to Step V.

Step V	Procedure	Condition	Action
- 1.	. Key off.		
2.	. Reconnect all connectors.		
3.	. Key on.		
4.	. Clear Fault Codes (see page 1-4)		
5.	. Use Driving Technique (see page 1-6) to attempt to reset the code.		
6.	. Retrieve Fault Codes (see page 1-4)	If no codes —	Test complete.
		If code 46 appears —	Return to Step a to find error in testing.
		If code other than 46 appears	Go to Fault Code Isolation Procedure Index. (see page 1-10)

This page left blank intentionally.

# Component Code: 51 (PID 60, FMI 2) Rail Select Sensor

### **Overview**

This code indicates an electrical failure of the rail select sensor on the electric shifter.

### Detection

Starting at key-on and throughout operation, the Transmission Controller constantly monitors the feedback from the sensor. If the feedback is below 10% or above 90% of the sensor's full value, the fault code is set. This type of failure represents a short to ground or battery. The Transmission Controller also monitors the sensor feedback for a zero value, indicating an open circuit.

## Fallback

This fault causes an In Place fallback.

## **Required Tools**

- Basic Hand Tools
- Digital Volt/Ohm Meter
- AutoSelect/AutoShift Troubleshooting Guide

### **Possible Causes**

- Damaged transmission harness
- Mechanical connection failure in electric shifter
- Malfunctioning rail select sensor
- Malfunctioning transmission ECU



# Code 51 (PID 60, FMI 2), Rail Select Sensor Test

Step A	Procedure	Condition	Action
	1. Is there an adapter harness between the rail select sensor and the transmission harness.	If the adapter harness shown is between the rail select sensor and the transmission harness	Go to <b>Step B</b> .
		If there is no adapter harness between the rail select sensor and the transmission harness	Go to Step F.
		- Δ	lanter Harness
	Rail Select Senso	r ( )	R .
	Electric Shifter (X-Y Shifter)		


Step C	Procedure	Condition	Action
	1. Measure resistance between transmission ECU 32- way connector pin 28 to ground.	If resistance is more than 10K ohms or open circuit (OL)	Replace transmission ECU (Only if Fault Code is Active). Go to Step V.
		If resistance is less than	Go to <b>Step D</b> .
		$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$



Code 51 (	(PID 60.	FMI 2),	<b>Rail Se</b>	lect Sensor	Test.	continued
		····· <b>-</b> ,			,	••••••











Step V	Procedure	Condition	Action
1.	. Key off.		
2.	. Reinstall rail select sensor to electric shifter (if removed).		
3.	. Reconnect all connectors.		
4.	. Key on.		
5.	. Clear codes (see page 1-4)		
6.	. Use Driving Technique (see page 1-6) to attempt to reset the code		
7.	. Check for codes (see page 1-4)	If no codes —	Test complete.
		If code 51 appears —	Return to <b>Step A</b> to find error in testing.
		If code other than 51	Go to Fault Code Isolation Procedure Index. (see page 1-10)

This page left blank intentionally.

### Component Code: 52 (PID 59, FMI 2) Gear Select Sensor

#### **Overview**

This code indicates an electrical failure of the rail select sensor on the electric shifter.

#### Detection

Starting at key-on and throughout operation, the Transmission Controller constantly monitors the feedback from the sensor. If the feedback is below 10% or above 90% of the sensor's full value, the fault code is set. This type of failure represents a short to ground or battery. The Transmission Controller also monitors the sensor feedback for a zero value, indicating an open circuit.

#### Fallback

This fault causes an In Place fallback.

### **Required Tools**

- Basic Hand Tools
- Digital Volt/Ohm Meter
- AutoSelect/AutoShift Troubleshooting Guide

#### **Possible Causes**

This fault can be caused by any of the following:

- Damaged Transmission harness
- Mechanical connection failure in electric shifter
- Malfunctioning gear select sensor
- Malfunctioning transmission ECU



## Code 52 (PID 59, FMI 2), Gear Select Sensor Test

Step A	Procedure	Condition	Action
	<ol> <li>Is there an adapter harness between the rail select sensor and the transmission harness</li> </ol>	If the adapter harness shown is between the gear select sensor and the transmission harness	Go to <b>Step B</b> .
		If there is no adapter harness between the gear select sensor and the transmission harness	Go to <b>Step F</b> .
		Ad	lapter Harness
	Rail Select : Electric Shi (X-Y Shifter	Sensor	



Step C	Procedure	Condition	Action
1.	Measure resistance between transmission ECU 32- way connector pin 27 to ground.	If resistance is more than 10K ohms or open circuit (OL)	Replace transmission ECU (Only if Fault Code is Active). Go to Step V.
		If resistance is less than 10K ohms	Go to <b>Step D</b> .



Step E	Procedure	Condition	Action
	1. Measure resistance between rail select sensor harness pin C and ground.	If resistance is more than 10K ohms or open circuit (OL)	Replace transmission harness. Go to Step V.
		If resistance is less than	Replace Electric Shifter. Go to Step V.
		OHMS V COM A U COM A GROUND	





Step V	Procedure	Condition	Action
	1. Key off.		
	Reinstall gear select sensor to electric shifter (if removed).		
	2. Reconnect all connectors.		
	3. Key on.		
	4. Clear codes (see page 1-4)		
	5. Use Driving Technique (see page 1-6) to attempt to reset the code		
	6. Check for codes (see page 1-4)	If no codes —	Test complete.
		If code 52 appears —	Return to <b>Step A</b> to find error in testing.
		If code other than 52	Go to Fault Code Isolation Procedure Index. (see page 1-10)

This page left blank intentionally.

### Component Code: 53 (SID 34, FMI 2) Reverse Ball Switch

#### **Overview**

This code indicates a mechanical or electrical failure of the ball switch that reports engagement in the reverse gear position.

#### Detection

The Transmission ECU monitors the Reverse Switch for incorrect input based on the gear selection.

#### Fallback

There is no fallback mode. Driver will be unable to select reverse or forward gears based on Reverse Switch failure.

#### **Required Tools**

- Basic Hand Tools
- Digital Volt/Ohm Meter
- AutoSelect/AutoShift Troubleshooting Guide

#### **Possible Causes**

This fault can be caused by any of the following:

- Failed reverse ball switch
- Damaged transmission harness
- Gear select sensor in electric shifter
- Mechanical failure in electric shifter
- Worn yoke
- Failed shift block
- Malfunctioning transmission ECU



## Code 53 (SID 34, FMI 2), Reverse Ball Switch Test

Step A	Procedure	Condition	Action
1	. Key off.		
2	<ol> <li>Disconnect transmission ECU 32-way connector.</li> </ol>		
3	<ol> <li>Measure resistance between transmission ECU connector pins 1 and 2.</li> </ol>		
4	<ul> <li>Measure resistance between transmission ECU connector pins 1 and ground.</li> </ul>	If resistance for each measurement is more than 10K ohms or open circuit (OL)	Go to <b>Step B</b> .
		If resistance of any measurement is less than 10K ohms	Go to <b>Step C</b> .
		29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17	
		13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 29 28 27 28 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17	

Step B	Procedure	Condition	Action
	1. Locate reverse switch on shift bar housing and disconnect transmission harness from reverse switch.		
	<ol> <li>Place jumper wire across reverse switch harness connector.</li> </ol>		
	<ol> <li>Measure resistance between transmission ECU 32-way connector pins 1 and 2.</li> </ol>	If resistance is 0 to .3	Replace reverse switch (Only if Fault Code is Active). Go to Step D.
		If resistance is outside of range	<b>Replace transmission harness.</b> Go to <b>Step V.</b>
		13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17	OHMS CON 6





Step E	Procedure	Condition	Action
	<ol> <li>Reverse switch and shift bar housing have been replaced. Retest transmission function using Driving Technique (see page 21).</li> </ol>	If function is OK	Test complete.
		If function is not correct	Replace transmission ECU. Go to Step V.
Step V	Procedure	Condition	Action
	1. Key off.		
2	2. Reconnect all connectors.		
;	3. Key on.		
	4. Clear Fault Codes (see page 1-4)		
:	5. Use Driving Technique (see page 1-6) to attempt to reset the code.		
ι	6. Retrieve Fault Codes (see page 1-4)	If no codes —	Test complete.
		If code 53 appears —	Return to <b>Step A</b> to find error in testing.
		If code other than 53 — <b>—</b>	Go to Fault Code Isolation Procedure Index. (see page 1-10)

This page left blank intentionally.

### Component Code: 56 (PID 161, FMI 2) Input Shaft Speed Sensor

#### **Overview**

This code indicates an electrical problem in the input shaft speed sensor circuit. The signal from the sensor did not match the current operating conditions.

#### Detection

A speed sensor is determined faulty when all the speed sensor readings are compared and one sensor is inconsistent.

#### Fallback

This fault causes an In Place fallback. If the Input Shaft Speed Sensor fails before power-up, the transmission is unable to engage a gear and the fault code cannot be reproduced.

#### **Required Tools**

- Basic Hand Tools
- Digital Volt/Ohm Meter
- AutoSelect/AutoShift Troubleshooting Guide

#### **Possible Causes**

This fault can be caused by any of the following:

- Loose speed sensor
- Contaminated sensor end
- Damaged transmission harness
- Malfunctioning input shaft speed sensor
- Failed main drive gear
- Malfunctioning transmission ECU



## Code 56 (PID 161, FMI 2), Input Shaft Speed Sensor Test

Step A		Procedure	Condition	Action
_	1.	Key off.		
	2.	Disconnect transmission controller 32-way connector.		
	3.	Measure resistance across transmission ECU 32-way connector pins 16 and 17 and between pin 16 and ground.	If pin 16 and 17 resistance is 2K to 4K ohms and Pin 16 and ground resistance is 10K ohms or open circuit (OL)	Go to <b>Step B</b> .
			If any of the above conditions are not met	Go to <b>Step C</b> .
			13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17	
			12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 3 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17	GROUND
Step B		Procedure	Condition	Action

Step B	Procedure	Condition	Action
	<ol> <li>Inspect Input Shaft Speed Sensor for damage or contamination.</li> </ol>	If no problem found —	Replace the transmission controller ECU (Only if Fault Code is Active). Go to Step V.
		If problem is found or you were sent here from Step C	<b>Repair Input Shaft Speed Sensor</b> and inspect upper countershaft PTO gear for damage. Go to <b>Step</b> <b>V</b> .

### Code 56 (PID 161, FMI 2), Input Shaft Speed Sensor Test, continued





## Code 56 (PID 161, FMI 2), Input Shaft Speed Sensor Test, continued

### Component Code: 57 (PID 160, FMI 2) Main Shaft Speed Sensor

#### **Overview**

This code indicates an electrical problem in the main shaft speed sensor circuit. The signal from the sensor did not match the current operating conditions.

#### Detection

A Speed Sensor is determined faulty when all the Speed Sensor readings are compared and one sensor is inconsistent.

#### Fallback

There is no fallback mode, because Main Shaft speed can be calculated from output shaft speed (may slow down shifting)

#### **Required Tools**

- Basic Hand Tools
- Digital Volt/Ohm Meter
- AutoSelect/AutoShift Troubleshooting Guide

#### **Possible Causes**

This fault can be caused by any of the following:

- Loose speed sensor
- Contaminated sensor end
- Damaged transmission harness
- Malfunctioning main shaft speed sensor
- Malfunctioning transmission ECU



### Code 57 (PID 160, FMI 2), Main Shaft Speed Sensor Test

Step A	Procedure	Condition	Action
1.	Key off.		
2.	Disconnect transmission controller 32-way connector.		
3.	Measure resistance across transmission ECU 32-way connector pins 20 and 21 and between pin 20 and ground.	If pin 20 and 21 resistance is 2K to 4K ohms and Pin 20 and ground resistance is 10K ohms or open circuit (OL)	Go to <b>Step B</b> .
		If any of the above conditions are not met	Go to <b>Step C</b> .
		13 12 11 10 9 8 7 8 5 4 3 2 1 3 2 11 10 9 8 7 8 5 4 3 2 1 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17	CHMS COND GROUND



### Code 57 (PID 160, FMI 2), Main Shaft Speed Sensor Test, continued



#### Condition Step V **Procedure** Action 1. Key off. 2. Reconnect all connectors. 3. Key on. 4. Clear Fault Codes (see page 1-4) 5. Use Driving Technique to Test complete. If no codes attempt to reset the code (see page 1-6) 6. Retrieve Fault Codes Return to Step A to find error in If code 57 appears (see page 1-4) testing. If code other than 57 Go to Fault Code Isolation Procedure Index (see page 1-10) appears

### Code 57 (PID 160, FMI 2), Main Shaft Speed Sensor Test, continued

### Component Code: 58 (PID 191, FMI 2) Output Shaft Speed Sensor

#### **Overview**

This code indicates an electrical problem in the output shaft speed sensor circuit. The signal from the sensor did not match the current operating conditions.

#### Detection

A Speed Sensor is determined faulty when all Speed Sensor readings are compared and one sensor is inconsistent.

#### Fallback

This fault causes a 5-speed fallback and the transmission stays in either LO range or HI range. When the vehicle comes to a stop, an attempt to shift into LO range is made. The fallback causes a 1-speed fallback on transmissions with no auxiliary section.

#### **Required Tools**

- Basic Hand Tools
- Digital Volt/Ohm Meter
- AutoSelect/AutoShift Troubleshooting Guide

#### **Possible Causes**

This fault can be caused by any of the following:

- Loose speed sensor
- Contaminated sensor end
- Damaged transmission harness
- Malfunctioning output shaft speed sensor
- Failed or loose tone wheel
- Malfunctioning transmission ECU



### Code 58 (PID 191, FMI 2), Output Shaft Speed Sensor Test

Step A	Procedure	Condition	Action	
1.	. Key off.			
2.	Disconnect transmission controller 32-way connector.			
3.	Measure resistance across transmission ECU 32-way connector pins 18 and 19 and between pin 18 and ground.	If pin 18 and 19 resistance is 2K to 4K ohms and Pin 18 and ground resistance is 10K ohms or open circuit (OL)	Go to <b>Step B</b> .	
		If any of the above conditions are not met	Go to <b>Step C</b> .	
	16       15       14       13       12       11       10       9       8       7       6       5       4       3       2       1         32       31       30       29       28       27       26       25       24       23       22       21       20       19       18       17			
		13 12 11 10 9 8 7 8 5 4 3 2 1 3 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17	CHMS CON Y CHAS CON COND	



### Code 58 (PID 191, FMI 2), Output Shaft Speed Sensor Test, continued





## Code 58 (PID 191, FMI 2), Output Shaft Speed Sensor Test, continued
## Component Code: 61 (SID 39, FMI 5,6) Rail Select Motor

#### **Overview**

This code indicates an electrical failure of the rail select motor that drives the electric shifter.

#### Detection

Starting at key-on and throughout operation, the Transmission Controller constantly measures the motor circuit. Failure mode of short to battery, short to ground, or open circuit is detected. The Transmission Controller also monitors the amount of current required to drive the motors. If the over current limit is exceeded, the fault code is also set.

#### Fallback

This fault causes an In Place fallback.

### **Required Tools**

- Basic Hand Tools
- Digital Volt/Ohm Meter
- AutoSelect/AutoShift Troubleshooting Guide

#### **Possible Causes**

- Failed rail select motor
- Malfunctioning transmission ECU
- Power Interface Module



## Code 61 (SID 39, FMI 5,6), Rail Select Motor Test





Step C	Procedure	Condition	Action
1	. Disconnect rail select motor 2- way (black) connector from transmission ECU.		
2	Measure the resistance across rail select 2-way connector pins.	If resistance is .5 to 150	Go to <b>Step D</b> .
		If resistance is outside of	Replace electric shifter. Go to Step V.
		ÓHMŚ	$\langle \rangle$



Step E	Procedure	Condition	Action
1	I. Key off.		
2	2. Disconnect negative (-) battery cable.		
3	<ol> <li>Reconnect Motor Supply 2-way connector to transmission ECU.</li> </ol>		
2	<ol> <li>Reconnect negative (-) battery cable.</li> </ol>		
5	5. Drive vehicle to determine whether fault code has been repaired.	If fault code was repaired	Go to <b>Step V</b> .
		If fault code 61 appears	Go to <b>Step F.</b>

Step F		Procedure	Condition	Action
	1.	Key off.		
	2.	Verify all connectors are seated correctly at the transmission ECU.	If all connectors are	Replace transmission ECU. Go to Step V.
			If connectors are not seated correctly	Seat all connectors. Go to <b>Step V.</b>
Step V		Procedure	Condition	Action
	1.	Key off.		
	2.	Reconnect all connectors.		
	3.	Key on.		
	4.	Clear Fault Codes (see page 1-4)		
	5.	Use Driving Technique to attempt to reset the code (see page 1-6)		
	6.	Retrieve Fault Codes (see page 1-4)	If no codes —	Test complete.
			If code 61 appears —	Return to <b>Step A</b> to find error in testing.
			If code other than 61	Go to Fault Code Isolation Procedure Index. (see page 1-10)

## Component Code: 63 (SID 40, FMI 5,6) Gear Select Motor

#### **Overview**

This code indicates an electrical failure of the gear select motor that drives the electric shifter.

#### Detection

Starting at key-on and throughout operation, the Transmission Controller constantly measures the motor circuit. Failure mode of short to battery, short to ground, or open circuit is detected. The Transmission Controller also monitors the amount of current required to drive the motors. If the over current limit is exceeded, the fault code is also set.

#### Fallback

This fault causes an In Place fallback.

### **Required Tools**

- Basic Hand Tools
- Digital Volt/Ohm Meter
- AutoSelect/AutoShift Troubleshooting Guide

#### **Possible Causes**

- Failed gear select motor
- Malfunctioning transmission ECU



# Code 63 (SID 40, FMI 5,6), Gear Select Motor Test

Step A	Procedure	Condition	Action
_	1. Key off.		
	<ol> <li>Inspect starter/battery , inline fuse holder and PIM connections for integrity.</li> </ol>	lf okay ──►	Go to <b>Step B</b> .
		If corroded or loose —	Repair wiring or battery connections. Go to <b>Step V</b> .



Step C	Procedure	Condition	Action
	1. Disconnect gear select motor 2- way (blue) connector from transmission ECU.		
	2. Measure the resistance across gear select 2-way connector	If resistance is .5 to 150	Go to <b>Step D</b> .
		If resistance is outside of range	Replace electric shifter. Go to Step V.



Step E	Procedure	Condition	Action
-	1. Key off.		
2	2. Disconnect negative (-) battery		
3	3. Reconnect Motor Supply 2-way connector to transmission ECU.		
2	4. Reconnect negative (-) battery cable.		
Ę	<ol> <li>Drive the vehicle to determine whether fault code has been repaired.</li> </ol>	If fault code 63 was repaired	Go to <b>Step V.</b>
		If fault code 63 appears	Go to <b>Step F</b> .



## Component Code: 65 (SID 251, FMI 4) Low Motor Voltage

#### **Overview**

This code indicates the Transmission ECU has detected low battery power supply to the electric shifter motors.

#### Detection

Starting at key on and throughout operation, the Transmission ECU constantly measures the motor voltage. If the reading is low, the fault code is set.

#### Fallback

This causes an In Place fallback.

### **Required Tools**

- Basic Hand Tools
- Digital Volt/Ohm Meter
- AutoSelect/AutoShift Troubleshooting Guide

#### **Possible Causes**

- Battery bus fuse/circuit breaker is open
- Low batteries
- Corroded or loose contacts
- Failed power interface module
- Malfunctioning transmission ECU



# Code 65 (SID 251, FMI 4), Low Motor Voltage Test

Step A	Procedure	Condition	Action
1	I. Key off.		
2	<ol> <li>Inspect starter/battery , ,inline fuse holder and PIM connections for integrity.</li> </ol>	lf okay ─►	Go to <b>Step B</b> .
		If corroded or loose —	Repair wiring or battery connections. Go to <b>Step V</b> .



Code 65 (SID 251, FMI 4), Low Motor Voltage Test, continued



### Code 65 (SID 251, FMI 4), Low Motor Voltage Test, continued

## Component Code: 71 (SID 60, FMI 7) Stuck Engaged

#### **Overview**

This code indicates the transmission was unable to move the front box to neutral, during a shift request.

#### Detection

The transmission detects this by attempting the same shifter actions five times and not sensing the desired position.

#### Fallback

This causes an In Place Fallback.

### **Required Tools**

- Basic Hand Tools
- AutoSelect/AutoShift Troubleshooting Guide

### **Possible Causes**

- Low power to gear select motor
- Failed gear select sensor
- Malfunctioning electric shifter
- Malfunctioning yoke/clutch/mainshaft
- Failed shift block
- Failed or misaligned shift block
- Electric shifter calibration
- Dragging clutch
- Torque locked in gear



## Code 71 (SID 60, FMI 7), Stuck Engaged Test



Step B	Procedure	Condition	Action
1	. Key off.		
2	<ol> <li>Inspect starter/battery , ,inline fuse holder and PIM connections for integrity.</li> </ol>	lf okay ──►	Go to <b>Step C</b> .
		If corroded or loose —	Repair wiring or battery connections. Go to <b>Step V.</b>



### Code 71 (SID 60, FMI 7), Stuck Engaged Test, continued





Code 71 (SID 60, FMI 7), Stuck Engaged Test, continued

This page left blank intentionally.

## Component Code: 72 (SID 59, FMI 7) Failed to Select Rail

#### **Overview**

This code indicates the transmission is unable to select the required rail during a shift.

#### Detection

The transmission detects this by attempting the same shifter actions five times and not sensing the desired position.

#### Fallback

This causes an In Place fallback.

### **Required Tools**

- Basic Hand Tools
- Digital Volt/Ohm Meter
- AutoSelect/AutoShift Troubleshooting Guide

#### **Possible Causes**

- Low power to rail motor
- Failed rail select motor
- Failed rail select sensor
- Failed or misaligned shift block
- Malfunctioning transmission ECU



# Code 72 (SID 59, FMI 7), Failed to Select Rail Test

Step A	Procedure	Condition	Action
_	1. Key off.		
	<ol> <li>Inspect starter/battery , inline fuse holder and PIM connections for integrity.</li> </ol>	lf okay ─►	Go to <b>Step B</b> .
		If corroded or loose —	Repair wiring or battery connections. Go to <b>Step V.</b>



### Code 72 (SID 59, FMI 7), Failed to Select Rail Test, continued

## Code 72 (SID 59, FMI 7), Failed to Select Rail Test, continued



## Component Code: 73 (SID 58, FMI 7) Failed to Engage Gear

#### **Overview**

This code indicates the transmission is unable to engage the desired gear in the front box during a shift.

#### Detection

The transmission detects this by attempting the same shifter actions five times and not sensing the desired position.

#### Fallback

This causes an In Place fallback.

### **Required Tools**

- Basic Hand Tools
- Digital Volt/Ohm Meter
- AutoSelect/AutoShift Troubleshooting Guide

#### **Possible Causes**

- Malfunctioning electric shifter
- Malfunctioning yoke/clutch/mainshaft
- Failed shift block
- Failed or misaligned shift block
- Electric shifter calibration
- Failed gear select sensor



# Code 73 (SID 58, FMI 7), Failed to Engage Gear Test

Step A	Procedure	Condition	Action
	1. Key off.		
	<ol> <li>Inspect starter/battery , ,inline fuse holder and PIM connections for integrity.</li> </ol>	lf okay ──►	Go to <b>Step B</b> .
		If corroded or loose —	Repair wiring or battery connections. Go to <b>Step V.</b>



Code 73 (SID 58, FMI 7), Failed to Engage Gear Test, continued

## Code 73 (SID 58, FMI 7), Failed to Engage Gear Test, continued



## Component Code: 74 (SID 54, FMI 7) Failed to Sync Initial Engagement

#### **Overview**

This code indicates the system was unable to bring input shaft to a stop using the interia brake.

#### Detection

The System Manager monitors engine rpm before initial gear engagement. If the inertia brake is commanded on and the engine rpm does not drop below the acceptable limit this code will be set.

#### Fallback

There is no fallback mode for this fault.

### **Required Tools**

- Basic Hand Tools
- Hand-Held Diagnostic Tool
- 0-100 PSI Air Pressure Gauges
- AutoSelect/AutoShift Troubleshooting Guide

#### **Possible Causes**

- Low air pressure
- Contaminated air supply
- Clutch out of adjustment
- Damaged input shaft brake
- Malfunctioning inertia brake
- Damaged internal transmission gearing



# Code 74 (SID 54, FMI 7), Failed to Sync Initial Engagement Test

Step A		Procedure	Condition	Action
	1.	Key on.		
	2.	Connect hand-held diagnostic tool and monitor input shaft speed.		
	3.	Fully depress the clutch pedal all the way to engage the input shaft brake.	If the input shaft speed rapidly drops to 0 RPM	Go to <b>Step B</b> .
			If the input shaft does not rapidly drop to 0 RPM	The clutch is out of adjustment or the input shaft brake needs to be replaced. Repair or replace as required. Repeat this step.
Step B		Procedure	Condition	Action
	1.	Key off.		
	2.	Tee a 0 to 100 PSI air gauge in the supply between the inertia brake solenoid and the air filter/ regulator.		
	3.	Key on.		
	4.	Observe the gauge. —	If pressure is 58 to 63 —►	Go to Step C.
			If pressure is outside of	Replace the air filter/regulator. Go to Step V.

Step V	Procedure	Condition	Action
1	. Key off.		
2	<ol> <li>Locate the air line from the inertia brake solenoid to the inertia brake.</li> </ol>		
3	8. Tee a 0 to 100 PSI air pressure gauge in the inertia brake line.		
4	<ol> <li>Key on. Allow air system to reach governor cut-off.</li> </ol>		
5	5. Place the transmission in "D".		
6	<ol> <li>Monitor the input shaft speed with the hand-held diagnostic tool.</li> </ol>		
7	7. Slowly depress the clutch pedal and keep the input shaft between 250 to 350 RPM for more than 10 seconds. (The transmission will not engage starting gear until input shaft speed drops below 150 RPM).		
8	8. Observe the gauge. —	If pressure is 58 to 63	Replace the inertia brake. Go to Step V.
		If pressure is outside of	Replace the inertia brake solenoid.Go to Step V.

# Code 74 (SID 54, FMI 7), Failed to Sync Initial Engagement Test, continued



## Code 74 (SID 54, FMI 7), Failed to Sync Initial Engagement Test, continued

## Component Code: 83 (SID 18, FMI 14) Shift Lever Missing

#### **Overview**

This code indicates the Eaton or OEM Shift Lever is not sensing any lever positions.

#### Detection

Starting at key-on and throughout operation, the System Manager constantly measures the feedback from the Shift Lever circuit. If the Shift Lever reports no lever positions are sensed, the fault code is set. To allow the System Manager to detect this fault, it is necessary to turn the key on since it constantly monitors for this failure mode.?

#### Fallback

This fault causes a downshift only fallback and shifts to neutral when the vehicle stops.?

### **Required Tools**

- Basic Hand Tools
- AutoSelect/AutoShift Troubleshooting Guide

### **Possible Causes**

This fault can be caused by any of the following:

• Lever placed between positions



# Code 83 (SID 18, FMI 14), Shift Lever Missing Test

Step A	Procedure	Condition	Action
	1. Key off.		
	2. Disconnect shift lever 24-way connector.		
	3. Key on.		
	4. Measure voltage across shift lever 24- way connector pins A1 and B1.	If voltage is within 1 volt of battery voltage	Replace shift lever. Go to Step V.
		If voltage is outside of► range	Repair ignition supply to shift lever. Go to <b>Step V.</b>
	VOLTS VOLTS	A    A    5    6    7    8    9    1      B    C    C    C    C    C    C    C    C	0 11 12 0 11 12
#### Condition Step V Procedure Action 1. Key off. 2. Reconnect all connectors. 3. Key on. 4. Clear Fault Codes (see page 1-4) 5. Use Driving Technique to attempt to reset the code(see page 1-6) 6. Retrieve Fault Codes Test complete. If no codes (see page 1-4) If code 83 appears Return to Step A to find error in testing. If code other than 83 Go to Fault Code Isolation Procedure Index. (see page 1-10) appears

## Code 83(SID 18, FMI 14), Shift Lever Missing Test, continued

Code 83(SID 18, FMI 14), Shift Lever Missing Test, continued

This page left blank intentionally.

## **Electrical System**

#### **Overview**

The test does not relate to any specific fault code, but must be completed before performing Fault Code Isolation Table procedures. The pretest verifies the basic electrical inputs before testing individual circuits.

#### Detection

There is no detection process specifically for the basic electrical supply. However, failures of this type are generally detected by the transmission or driver as some other type of fault code or symptom.

#### Fallback

There is no fallback for the electrical pretest, however, it may effect other systems.

#### **Required Tools**

- Basic Hand Tools
- Eaton Test Adapter Kit
- Digital Volt/Ohm Meter
- Troubleshooting Guide

#### **Possible Causes**

This pretest can be used for any of the following:

- Corroded Power Contacts
- Blown Fuse
- Wiring Harness
- Low Batteries



# **Electrical System Test**

Step A	Procedure	Condition	Action
	1. Key off.		
	2. Inspect starter/battery connec- tions for integrity.		
	<ol> <li>Measure voltage across battery.</li> </ol>	If voltage is 11 to 13 volts on a 12 volt system or	
		22 to 26 on a 24 volt sys- tem	Go to <b>Step B</b> .
		If voltage is outside of range	Repair or replace batteries and charging system as required. Repeat this step.
Stop P	Procedure		Action
Step B	Procedure 1 Key off	Condition	Action
	<ol> <li>Load Test the Bat- terys.</li> </ol>	If the batteries maintain	Go to <b>Step C</b> .
		If the battery's fail the load test	Replace the damaged battery/s and repeat this step.

Step C	Procedure	Condition	Action
	1. Locate service port (located in shift tower.)		
	2. Key off.		
	3. Disconnect negative (-) battery cable.		
	<ol> <li>Measure resistance between service port pin D and negative battery cable.</li> </ol>	If resistance is 0 to .3	Go to <b>Step D</b> .
		If resistance is outside of range	Repair ground path for transmis- sion. Repeat this step. <b>Note:</b> See wiring diagrams for typical ground path diagram.



Step E	Procedure	Condition	Action
	1. Key off.		
	2. Measure voltage across service port pins D and C.	If voltage is less than 1 volt	Go to <b>Step F.</b>
		If voltage is outside of range	Go to Step G.
		J C D B A C G F G F	<b>S</b>









Step J	Procedure	Condition	Action
	1. Disconnect system manager 24- way connector.		
	2. Measure resistance between system manager 24-way con- nector pin A10 and service port pin A.	If resistance is 0 to .3 —	Go to <b>Step K</b> .
		If resistance is outside of	<b>Repair or replace tower harness as required.</b> Repeat this step.

Step K Procedure	Condition	Action
<ol> <li>Measure resistance between system manager 24-way con- nector pin A6 and service port pin G.</li> </ol>	If resistance is 0 to .3	Replace system manager ECU. Go to Step E.
	If resistance is outside of	Repair or replace tower harness as required. Go to Step E.

Step L	Procedure	Condition	Action
	1. Disconnect power connect relay connector.		
	<ol> <li>Measure voltage be- tween power connect relay connector pin 30 and service port pin D.</li> </ol>	If voltage is within 1 volt of battery voltage	<b>Replace power connect relay</b> . Re- peat <b>Step H.</b>
		If voltage is outside of range	Go to <b>Step M</b> .
		87 87 87 87 85 30 30	

Step M	Procedure	Condition	Action
1	1. Reconnect power connect relay connector.		
2	<ol> <li>Disconnect transmission har- ness from transmission inter- face harness.</li> </ol>		
3	<ol> <li>Measure voltage be- tween transmission pin F and ground.</li> </ol>	If voltage is within 1 volt of battery voltage	Repair vehicle interface harness as required. Go to <b>Step E.</b>
		If voltage is outside of range	Go to <b>Step N.</b>
	Г	]	



Step N	Procedure	Condition	Action
	1. Disconnect power module con- nector at transmission harness.		
	2. Measure voltage be- tween power inter- face module connector pins.	If voltage is within 1 volt of battery voltage	Repair or replace transmission harness as required. Go to Step E.
		If voltage is outside of range	Go to <b>Step O.</b>
		VOLTS	

Step O	Procedure	Condition	Action
	<ol> <li>Check battery ground to power module.</li> </ol>	If battery and ground	<b>Replace power interface module.</b> Go to <b>Step V.</b>
		If battery and ground	Repair connections and retest. Go to <b>Step A.</b>

Step V	Procedure	Condition	Action
	1. Key off.		
	2. Reconnect all connectors.		
	3. Key on.		
	4. Clear Fault Codes (see page 1-4)		
	5. Attempt to reproduce symptom.		
	6. Check symptom.	If no symptom	Test complete.
		If symptom appears	Return to <b>Step A</b> to find error in testing.
		If other code or symptom	Go to Diagnostics Procedure (see page 1-3)

This page left blank intentionally.

## **Front Box Control**

#### Overview

This symptom-driven test is performed if the "-" is displayed on the Gear Display, and there are no active or inactive codes.

#### Detection

Turn key on and watch the Gear Display. If the Gear Display shows "-" constantly, the Transmission Controller was not able to confirm front box control.

Any time the service lamp is flashing, go to Diagnostic Procedure (page1-2).

#### Fallback

There is no fallback mode for this symptom.

### **Required Tools**

- Basic Hand Tools
- Eaton Test Adapter Kit
- Digital Volt/Ohm Meter
- Troubleshooting Guide

#### **Possible Causes**

This fault can be caused by any of the following:

- Electric Shifter
- Yoke/Clutch/Mainshaft
- Shift Block
- Gear Select Sensor



### **Front Box Control Test**





Step C	Procedure	Condition	Action
	1. Disconnect transmission harness 6-way connector from transmission interface harness.		
	2. Disconnect power module from transmission harness.		
	3. Measure resistance between transmission ECU 24-way connector pin 14 and power module connector pin A on transmission harness.		
	4. Measure resistance between transmission harness 6-way connector pin D and transmission ECU 24-way connector pin 1.	If resistance is 0 to .3	Repair or replace vehicle interface harness or tower harness. Go to <b>Step A</b> .
		If resistance is outside of range	Repair or replace transmission harnesses as required. Go to Step A.

Step D	Procedure	Condition	Action
1	<ol> <li>Reconnect transmission ECU 24-way connector.</li> </ol>		
2	2. Key off. Allow transmission to power down.		
3	3. Disconnect system manager 32- way connector.		
2	<ol> <li>Connect EPL tester to tower harness.</li> </ol>		
Ę	5. Key on.		
6	6. Start EPL —► Communication Test	If test passes —	Replace system manager ECU. Go to Step A.
		If test fails —	Go to <b>Step E</b> .

Step E	Procedure	Condition	Action
1	I. Key off. Allow transmission to power down.		
2	2. Disconnect transmission ECU 32-way connector.		
3	<ol> <li>Remove EPL tester from system manager 32-way connector.</li> </ol>		
4	<ol> <li>Measure resistance between system manager 32-way connector pins C2 and D1 and from each pin to ground.</li> </ol>	If resistance for each measurement is more than 10K ohms or open circuit [OL]	Go to <b>Step F.</b>
		If resistance of any measurement is less than 10K ohms	Go to <b>Step G</b> .





#### Step G Condition Procedure Action 1. Reconnect system manager 32way connector. 2. Disconnect transmission harness 3-way connector from transmission interface harness. 3. Remove any jumper harness. Go to Step H. 4. Measure If resistance for each resistance between measurement is more transmission harness than 10K ohms or open 3-way connector pins A and B circuit [OL] and from each pin to ground. Note: Depending on which connector you have, refer to either the old style or the new style connector illustration. Repair or replace transmission If resistance of any measurement is less than harness. Go to Step A. 10K ohms OHMS OHMS ΘA **E** í, V COMA V COMA New Style GROUND GROUND OHMS OHMS Ĵþ Ľ ſ**i**ii]₿│ ]¢ V COMA V COMA GROUND GROUND **Old Style**

## Front Box Control Test, continued

Symptom Isolation Procedures





Symptom Isolation



Step V	Procedure	Condition	Action	
	1. Remove electric shifter from shift bar housing.			
	<ul> <li>2. Inspect electric shifter and shift bar housing:</li> <li>Shift blocks</li> <li>Roll pins</li> <li>Finger movement</li> <li>Mechanical linkages</li> </ul>	If no problem found —	Replace electric shifter. Go to Step A.	
		If problem found	Repair as required. Go to <b>Step A.</b>	

This page left blank intentionally.

## **Gear Display Power Supply**

#### Overview

This symptom-driven test is performed if the Gear Display is not working, and there are no active or inactive codes.

#### Detection

The System Manager has no fault detection capability for this failure. The failure is observed by the driver when operating the vehicle. To observe this failure, operate the vehicle and monitor the Gear Display.

#### Fallback

This symptom has no effect on vehicle operation, however, the Gear Display may not function.

#### **Required Tools**

- Basic Hand Tools
- Eaton Test Adapter Kit
- Digital Volt/Ohm Meter
- Troubleshooting Guide
- Data Link Tester

#### **Possible Causes**

This fault can be caused by any of the following:

- Gear Display
- Vehicle Harness
- Ignition Power Supply
- Shift Control



# Gear Display Power Supply Test

Step A	Pro	cedure	C	Condition	Action
1	<ol> <li>Key off. Not equipped converter at converter ar viewed Replacemen includes the</li> </ol>	te: If the vehicle is with a 12/25V the gear display, the ad gear display are as one part. t of the gear display converter.			
2	2. Remove the unplug the g dash harnes	e dash panel and ear display from the s.			
3	3. Key on.				
4	<ol> <li>Measure vo harness pins</li> </ol>	Itage across dash E or 4 and F or 1.	If voltage is voltage of battery vol	within 1 volt tage	Go to Step D.
	Note: Depen which conne have, or conne	ding on ctor you refer to the old style the new style ctor illustration.			
			lf voltage is range	outside of►	Go to <b>Step B</b> .
					VOLTS VOLTS
		New	<sup>,</sup> Style	Old	I Style

### Gear Display Power Supply Test, continued



## Gear Display Power Supply Test, continued



om Isolation

# Gear Display Power Supply Test , continued

Step D	Procedure		Co	Condition		Action	
	1.	Disconnect shift le connector.	ever 24-way				
	2.	Measure resistand dash harness conn display pin B or 3 a 24-way connector p	ce between ector at gear nd shift lever pin B11.				
		Note: Depending connector yo to either the the new styl illustration.	on which ou have, refer old style or le connector				
	3.	Measure resistan between da harness connector gear display pin C c lever 24-way conne	at at or 2 and shift ector pin B10.	lf both measure O to .3 ohms	ements are 🛛 🗕 ►	Go to <b>Step</b>	Ε.
				If resistance measurement of range	of either is outside	Repair h display an Repeat this	arness between gear d shift lever as required. s step.
				New Style		ityle	
				New Style		Style	

## Gear Display Power Supply Test , continued


## Gear Display Power Supply Test , continued



Gear Display Power Supply Test , continued

This page left blank intentionally.

## **Start Enable Relay Contact**

#### **Overview**

This symptom-driven test is performed if the engine does not start with the Shift Lever is in neutral, and there are no active or inactive codes.

#### Detection

The System Manager has no fault detection capability for this failure. The failure is observed by the driver when operating the vehicle. To observe this failure, attempt to start the vehicle.

#### Fallback

This symptom has no effect on vehicle operation, however, if the failure occurred before the engine was started, it is possible the engine will not start.

#### **Required Tools**

- Basic Hand Tools
- Eaton Test Adapter Kit
- Digital Volt/Ohm Meter
- Troubleshooting Guide

#### **Possible Causes**

This fault can be caused by any of the following:

- Start Enable Relay
- Starter Solenoid Wiring



### Start Enable Relay Contact Test



Symptom Isolation

### Start Enable Relay Contact Test, continued



Step D	Procedure	Condition	Action
	1. While engaging starter, remove jumper wire.	If engine continues to crank	Test complete.
		If engine stops cranking when jumper is removed	Replace start enable latching diode. Repeat this step.
Step E	Procedure	Condition	Action
Step E	<b>Procedure</b> 1. Replace start enable relay.	Condition	Action
Step E	Procedure         1. Replace start enable relay.         2. Engage starter.	Condition	Action Test complete.

## Start Enable Relay Contact Test, continued

Step F	Procedure	Condition	Action
	<ol> <li>Measure resistance between system manager 24-way connector pin A1 and ground.</li> </ol>	If resistance is 40 to 90 ohms	Check vehicle starting system. If no problem found, <b>replace system manager.</b> Go to <b>Step V.</b>
		If resistance is outside of range	Repair harness between start enable relay and system manager. Go to <b>Step V.</b>



Step V		Procedure	Condition	Action
	1.	Key off.		
	2.	Reconnect all connectors.		
	3.	Key on.		
	4.	Start the engine to determine whether the start enable relay contact complaint has been repaired.	If the engine starts	Test complete.
			If the engine does not	Return to <b>Step A</b> to find error in testing.
			If other code or symptom	Go to Diagnostics Procedure (see page 1-3)

### AutoShift/AutoSelect Will Not Engage a Gear

#### **Overview**

This symptom-driven test is performed if the transmission does not engage a gear, and there are no active or inactive codes.

#### Detection

If the System Manager is unable to provide a fault code, the driver may observe this failure as the transmission not initiating or completing a shift.

#### Fallback

There is no fallback mode for this symptom.

#### **Required Tools**

- Basic Hand Tools
- Eaton Test Adapter Kit
- Digital Volt/Ohm Meter
- Troubleshooting Guide
- PC-based Service Tool

#### **Possible Causes**

This fault can be caused by any of the following:

- Input Shaft Speed Sensor
- Electric Shifter
- Transmission
- Gear Select Sensor
- Interia Brake
- Clutch Brake



## AutoShift/AutoSelect Will Not Engage a Gear Test

Step A	Procedure	Condition	Action
	1. Key off.		
	2. Connect hand-held diagnos tool.	stic	
	<ol> <li>Start engine and view input shaft speed with clutch pedal released.</li> </ol>	► If input shaft speed exists	Go to <b>Step E.</b>
		If input shaft speed does not exist	Go to <b>Step B</b> .
Step B	Procedure	Condition	Action
	1. Disconnect transmission E 32-way connector.	ECU	
	<ol> <li>Measure resistance across transmission ECU 32-way connector pins 16 and 17.</li> </ol>	<ul> <li>If resistance is 2K to 4K</li> <li>ohms</li> </ul>	Go to <b>Step C</b> .
		If resistance is outside of	Go to <b>Step D</b> .
	OHMS		
		10 19 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 / 6 5 32 31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21	

Step C	Procedure	Condition	Action
	<ol> <li>Inspect input shaft speed sensor for proper installation or contamination.</li> </ol>	If no problem found	Replace transmission ECU. Go to Step V.
		If problem found	Repair as required. Go to <b>Step V.</b>
Step D	Procedure	Condition	Action
	1. Disconnect transmission harness from input shaft speed sensor.		
	<ol> <li>Measure resistance between input shaft speed sensor pins.</li> </ol>	If resistance is 2K to 4K	Repair or replace transmission harness. Go to Step V.
		If resistance is outside of range	<b>Replace input shaft speed sensor.</b> Go to <b>Step V.</b>
			ÖHMS



AutoShift/AutoSelect	Will	Not Engage	a Gear,	continued
----------------------	------	------------	---------	-----------

Step F		Procedure	Condition	Action
	1.	Is wheelchair lift switch normally open or normally closed.	If normally closed	Go to <b>Step F.</b>
			If normally open	Go to Step J.
Step G		Procedure	Condition	Action
	1.	Make sure the lift is off and at rest position.		
	2.	Disconnect system manager 32- way connector.		
	3.	Measure resistance between system manager 32-way connector pins D7 and D11.	If resistance is 0 to .3	Go to <b>Step H.</b>
			If resistance is outside of	Pin D7 requires connection to pin D11. Repair harness. Repeat this step.
				□ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □

Step H	Procedure	Condition	Action
1.	Measure resistance between system manager 32-way connector pin D7 and ground.	If resistance is 0 to .3	Go to <b>Step I.</b>
		If resistance is outside of	Normally closed type systems require pin D7 be grounded for normal transmission operation. Repair harness or switch as required. Repeat this step.
			2 13 14 15 16

╜

۲

GROUND

V COM Å





GROUND



ŦF

### AutoShift/AutoSelect Will Not Engage a Gear , continued



Step V		Procedure	Condition	Action
	1.	Key off.		
	2.	Reconnect all connectors.		
	3.	Key on.		
	4.	Drive the vehicle to determine whether the complaint has been repaired.	If the complaint was repaired	Test complete.
			If the complaint was not	Return to <b>Step A</b> to find error in testing.
			If other code or symptom	Go to Diagnostics Procedure (see page 1-3)

### J-1587 Data Link

#### Overview

This symptom-driven test is performed if the PC-based Service Tool does not work.

#### Detection

The service technician observes the failure when operating the PC-based Service Tool. To observe this failure, simply connect the PC-based Service Tool to the transmission via the J-1587 diagnostic connector located in the cab.

#### Fallback

There is no fallback mode for J-1587 Data Link. The PC-Base Service Tool will not work correctly.

#### **Required Tools**

- Basic Hand Tools
- Eaton Test Adapter Kit
- Digital Volt/Ohm Meter
- Data Link Tester
- Troubleshooting Guide
- PC-based Service Tool

#### **Possible Causes**

This symptom can be caused by any of the following:

- J-1587 Data Link Harness
- Shift Manager
- PC-based Service Tool



## J-1587 Data Link Test

Step A	Procedure	Condition	Action
	1. Key on.		
	<ol> <li>Measure voltage either — between 6-way diagnostic connector.</li> </ol>	If voltage is within .6 volts of battery voltage	Go to <b>Step B</b> .
		If voltage is outside of range ——	Repair battery or ground line to vehicle diagnostic connector. Go to <b>Step V.</b>

Step B	Procedure	Condition	Action
	1. Key off.		
	2. Disconnect System Manager 32- way connector.		
	<ol> <li>Measure resistance from — System Manager 32-way connector pin C1 and 6- way diagnostic pin A.</li> </ol>	If resistance is 0 to .3 ohms ——	Go to <b>Step C</b> .
		If resistance is outside of <b>&gt;</b> range	Repair vehicle interface harness. Repeat this step.
			0 11 12 13 14 15 16 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0

GROUND

COM &

Г

٢

Step C	Procedure	Condition	Action
	<ol> <li>Measure resistance between 6-way diagnostic connector pin A and ground.</li> </ol>	If resistance is more than 10K ohms or open circuit [OL]	Go to <b>Step D</b> .
		If resistance is less than 10K—— ohms	Repair vehicle interface harness. Go to <b>Step V.</b>
Step D	Procedure	Condition	Action
	<u> </u>		
	<ol> <li>Measure resistance between System Manager 32-way connector pin D14 and 6- way diagnostic connector pin B.</li> </ol>	If resistance is 0 to .3 ohms —	Go to <b>Step E</b> .
	<ol> <li>Measure resistance between System Manager 32-way connector pin D14 and 6- way diagnostic connector pin B.</li> </ol>	If resistance is 0 to .3 ohms —	Go to <b>Step E.</b> Repair vehicle interface harness. Go to <b>Step V.</b>
	1. Measure resistance between System Manager 32-way connector pin D14 and 6-way diagnostic connector pin B.	If resistance is 0 to .3 ohms $\longrightarrow$ If resistance is outside of $\longrightarrow$ range	Go to Step E. Repair vehicle interface harness. Go to Step V.

Step E	Procedure	Condition	Action
	<ol> <li>Measure resistance between 6-way diagnostic connector pin B and ground.</li> </ol>	If resistance is more than— 10K ohms or open circuit [OL]	Go to <b>Step F</b> .
		If resistance is less than 10K	Repair vehicle interface harness. Go to <b>Step V.</b>

Step F	Procedure	Condition	Action
	1. Key off.		
	2. Reconnect System Manager 32- way connector.		
	3. Disconnect all data links to the vehicle diagnostic connector, leaving only the transmission connected.		
	4. Connect the Data Link Tester across the 6-way diagnostic connector pins A and B.		
	5. Key on.		
	<ol> <li>Place the Data Link — For the Communication Test mode.</li> </ol>	If test passed —	<ul> <li>Problem exists with service tool in one of the following areas:</li> <li>Communication box</li> <li>Cables</li> <li>PC Repair as required.</li> <li>Go to Step V.</li> </ul>
		If test failed —	Replace System Manager. Go to Step V.



Step V	Procedure	Condition	Action
	1. Key on.		
	2. Connect PC-based —► Service Tool.	If PC-based Service Tool — functions correctly	Test complete.
		If PC-based Service Tool — does not function correctly	Return to <b>Step A</b> to find error in testing.

This page left blank intentionally.

### **Range System**

#### Overview

This symptom-driven test is completed if the transmission does not perform range shifts, and there are no active or inactive fault codes.

#### Detection

The failure is observed by the driver when operating the vehicle. To observe this failure, operate the vehicle and make several shifts up and down across the range.

#### Fallback

There is no fallback for this symptom.

#### **Required Tools**

- Basic Hand Tools
- (2) 0-100 PSI Air Pressure Gauges
- Troubleshooting Guide

#### **Possible Causes**

This fault can be caused by any of the following:

- Low Air Pressure
- Contaminated Air Supply
- Air Leak
- Range Valve
- Range Synchronizer
- Range Actuator/Cylinder/Piston/Yoke



## Range System Test

Step A	Procedure	Condition	Action
1	. Key off.		
2	<ol> <li>Install both 0 to 100 PSI air gauges into the range valve diagnostic ports.</li> </ol>		
3	<ol> <li>Start vehicle and allow air pressure to reach governor cut- off.</li> </ol>		
4	<ul> <li>Release clutch to register input speed in transmission.</li> </ul>		
5	<ul> <li>Turn off engine, but leave key in "ON" position.</li> </ul>		
6	<ul> <li>Move shift lever to reverse and back to neutral.</li> </ul>	If LO range gauge = 55 to 65 PSI and If HI range gauge = 0 PSI	Go to <b>Step B</b> .
		Note: 5 minutes is allowed for checking the pressure after moving the shift lever to neutral.	
		If both air gauges do not read as listed above.	Repair or replace range valve and range cylinder cover as required. Retest.

## Range System Test , continued

Step B	Procedure	Condition	Action
	1. Move shift lever to reverse, press upshift button, and move lever	If HI range gauge = 55 to 65 PSI and If LO range gauge = 0 PSI	Repair or replace mechanical range system as required. Go to <b>Step V.</b>
	<ul> <li>Note: If shift lever does not have upshift buttons, move shift lever to reverse and place a jumper between service port connector pins B and D. Remove jumper and place shift lever in neutral.</li> </ul>	Note: 5 minutes is allowed for checking the pressure after moving the shift lever to neutral.	
		If both air gauges do not read as listed above	Repair or replace range valve and range cylinder cover as required. Go to <b>Step V.</b>



### Range System Test , continued



### **Splitter System**

#### **Overview**

This symptom-driven test is completed if the transmission does not perform Splitter Shifts, and there are no active or inactive fault codes.

#### Detection

The failure is observed by the driver when operating the vehicle. To observe this failure, operate the vehicle and make several shifts up and down across the Splitter.

#### Fallback

There is no fallback for this symptom.

#### **Required Tools**

- Basic Hand Tools
- (2) 0-100 PSI Air Pressure Gauges
- Troubleshooting Guide

#### **Possible Causes**

This fault can be caused by any of the following:

- Low Air Pressure
- Contaminated Air Supply
- Air Leak
- Splitter Valve
- Splitter Actuator/Cylinder/Piston/Yoke.



## Splitter System Test

Step A		Procedure	Condition	Action
	1.	Key off.		
	2.	Install both 0 to 100 PSI air gauges into the splitter valve diagnostic ports.		
	3.	Start vehicle and allow air pressure to reach governor cut- off.		
	4.	Release clutch to register input speed in transmission.		
	5.	Turn off engine, but leave key in "ON" position.		
	6.	With the shift control, select reverse and back to neutral.	If HI split gauge = 55 to 65 PSI and If LO split gauge = 0 PSI	Go to <b>Step B</b> .
			Note: 5 minutes is allowed for checking the pressure after moving the shift lever to neutral.	
			If both air gauges do not read as listed above	Repair or replace splitter valve and splitter cylinder cover as required. Repeat this step.
Step B		Procedure	Condition	Action
	1.	Key on.		
	2.	With shift control select reverse, press upshift button and select neutral.	If LO split gauge = 55 to 65 PSI and If HI split gauge = 0 PSI	Repair or replace mechanical splitter system as required. Go to <b>Step V</b> .
			If both gauges do not read as listed above	Repair or replace splitter valve and splitter cylinder cover as required. Go to <b>Step V.</b>

### Splitter System Test, continued



Splitter System Test, continued

This page left blank intentionally.

### **Up/Down Button**

#### Overview

This symptom-driven test is performed if unable to shift the transmission with the Up/Down Buttons, and there are no Active or Inactive codes.

#### Detection

The System Manager has no fault detection capability for this failure. The failure is observed by the driver when operating the vehicle.

#### Fallback

There is no fallback for this symptom.

#### **Required Tools**

- Basic Hand Tools
- Digital Volt/Ohm Meter
- Troubleshooting Guide

#### **Possible Causes**

This fault can be caused by any of the following:

• Shift Lever



## **Up/Down Button Test**

Step A	Procedure	Condition	Action
	1. Start engine.		
	2. Place Shift Lever in "Hold".		
	<ol> <li>Drive the vehicle and use — the buttons to initiate upshifts and downshifts.</li> </ol>	If the up and down buttons— are working properly, the transmission will make upshifts and downshifts.	Test complete.
		If the transmission does not—— make upshifts and/or downshifts.	<b>Replace Shift Lever.</b> Repeat this step.

## AutoShift/AutoSelect Shift Complaint

#### **Overview**

This symptom-driven test is preformed if a shift complaint exists, and there are no Active or Inactive codes.

#### Detection

There is no detection other than a driver complaint.

#### Fallback

There is no fallback mode for a shift complaint, however, it may affect vehicle performance.

#### **Required Tools**

- Basic Hand Tools
- Digital Volt/Ohm Meter
- AutoShift/AutoSelect Troubleshooting Guide

#### **Possible Causes**

This fault can be caused by any of the following:

- Input Shaft Speed Sensor
- Electric Shifter
- Transmission
- Interia Brake
- Clutch Brake



## AutoShift/AutoSelect Shift Complaint Test

Step A	Procedure	Condition	Action
	1. Key off.		
	<ol> <li>Inspect starter/battery , inline fuse holder and PIM connections for integrity.</li> </ol>	lf okay ──►	Go to <b>Step B</b> .
		If corroded or loose —	Repair wiring or battery connections. Go to <b>Step V.</b>



### AutoShift/AutoSelect Shift Complaint Test, continued



### AutoShift/AutoSelect Shift Complaint Test, continued

mptom Isolation
Step E	Procedure	Condition	Action
	1. Disconnect transmission harness from input speed sensor.		
	<ol> <li>Measure resistance between input speed sensor pins and each pin and ground.</li> </ol>	If input shaft speed sensor pins resistance is 2K to 4K ohms and If input shaft speed sensor pins to ground are 10K ohms or open circuit (OL)	Repair or replace transmission harness. Go to Step V.
		If any of the above conditions are not met	Go to <b>Step D.</b>
	GRC		

## AutoShift/AutoSelect Shift Complaint Test, continued

Step V	Procedure	Condition	Action
	1. Key off.		
	2. Reconnect all connectors.		
	3. Key on.		
	4. Clear Fault Codes (see page 1-4)		
	5. Use Driving Technique (see page 1-6) to attempt to reset the code.		
	6. Retrieve Fault Codes (see page 1-4)	If no codes —►	Test complete.
		If code 56 appears —	Return to <b>Step A</b> to find error in testing.
		If code other than 56	Go to Fault Code Isolation Procedure Index. (see page 1-10)

## AutoShift/AutoSelect Shift Complaint Test, continued

## **Transmission Air Leak**

#### **Overview**

This symptom-driven test is performed if the transmission has an air leak and there are no Active or Inactive fault codes.

#### Detection

There is no detection process specifically for a transmission Air Leak. However, failures of this type are generally detected by the transmission or driver as some other type of fault code or symptom.

### Fallback

There is no fallback mode for a transmission air leak, however, it may effect other vehicle systems.

## **Required Tools**

- Basic Hand Tools
- Troubleshooting Guide

#### **Possible Causes**

This symptom can be caused by any of the following:

- Contaminated Air
- Range Valve
- Splitter Valve
- Air Filter/Regulator
- Range Piston / O-ring
- Splitter Piston / O-ring



## Transmission Air Leak Test

Step A	Procedure	Condition	Action
	1. Start engine.		
	2. Allow air pressure to build to gov- ernor cut-off.		
	3. Leave transmission in neutral.		
	4. Key off.		
	<ol> <li>Listen for constant air — leaks.</li> </ol>	If there are no constant air—— <b>—</b> Ieaks	Go to <b>Step B</b> .
		If air leaks from fittings or air—— <b>—</b> lines at:	Repair fittings or lines as re- quired. Repeat this step.
		• Air filter/regulator	
		<ul> <li>Splitter Cylinder supply line (18-speed only)</li> </ul>	
		If air leaks at the Range Valve exhaust port	Replace Range Valve. Go to Step V.
		If air leaks at Splitter Valve—— exhaust port (18-speed only)	Replace Splitter Valve. Go to Step V.

Step B	Pi	rocedure	Condition	Action
	1.	Start engine.		
	2.	Release clutch to register Input Shaft speed in the transmission.		
	3.	Turn off engine, but leave key in "ON" position.		
	4.	With the Shift Lever, se lect reverse, then select neutral.	If there are no constant air leaks	Go to <b>Step C</b> .
			If air leaks at the Range Valve—— exhaust port	Go to <b>Step D</b> .
			If air leaks at the Splitter— Valve exhaust port (18-speed only)	Go to <b>Step F</b> .
			If air leaks at the transmis	Go to Step G.

Step C	Procedure	Condition	Action
	1. Key on.		
	<ol> <li>With Shift Lever, select — reverse, press the upshift button, then select neu- tral.</li> </ol>	If there are no constant air—— <b>—</b> Ieaks	Go to <b>Step E</b> .
	Note: If Gear Display does not read "H" (10-speed) or "IH" (18-speed), go to the Up/Down Button Test.		
		If air leaks at the Range Ex-—— haust Port	Replace Range Valve. Go to Step V.
	Image: orImage: or10-Speed18-Speed		

Step D	Procedure	Condition	Action
	1. Key on.		
	<ol> <li>With Shift Lever, select — reverse, press the upshift button, then select neu- tral.</li> </ol>	If there are no constant air—— <b>—</b> Ieaks	Replace Range Valve. Go to Step V.
	<b>Note:</b> If Gear Display does not read "H" (10-speed) or "IH" (18-speed), go to the Up/Down Button Test.	If air leaks at the Range Ex haust Port	Replace Range Piston and O- rings. Go to <b>Step V.</b>
	10-Speed 18-Spee	d	

Step E	Procedure	Condition	Action
	1. Key on.		
	<ol> <li>With Shift Lever, select reverse, press the downshift button, then select neutral.</li> </ol>		
	<ol> <li>Listen for constant air — leaks.</li> </ol>	If there are no constant air—— leaks	Test complete.
	<b>Note:</b> If Gear Display does not read "R" (10-speed), go to Up/Down Button Test.	If air leaks at the Splitter ex haust port	Repair Splitter Piston and O- rings. Go to <b>Step V.</b>

Step F	Ρ	rocedure	Condition	Action	
	1.	Key on.			Sy
	2.	With Shift Lever, select reverse, press the downshift button, and then select neutral.			mptom Is Procedu
	3.	Listen for constant air — <b>—</b> leaks.	If there are no constant air leaks	<b>Replace Splitter Valve</b> (18- speed only). Go to <b>Step V.</b>	solation ures
		<b>Note:</b> If Gear Display does not read "IR" (18-speed), go to Up/Down Button Test.	If air leaks at the Splitter—— Valve exhaust port	Repair Splitter Piston and O- rings (18-speed only). Go to <b>Step V.</b>	



Step G	Procedure	Condition	Action
	1. Key on.		
	2. With Shift Lever, select reverse, press the downshift button, and then select neutral.		
	<ol> <li>Listen for constant air → leak.</li> </ol>	If the leak continues —	Repair the Range Yoke Bar O- rings as required (18-speed only). Go to <b>Step V.</b>
	Note: If Gear Display does not read "H" (10-speed) or "IH" (18-speed), go to the Up/Down Button Test.	If the air leak stops —	Replace the Splitter Yoke Bar O- ring as required (18-speed only. Go to <b>Step V.</b>
	10-Speed 18-Speed	t l	

Step V	Procedure	Condition	Action
	1. Start engine		
	2. Release clutch to register Input Shaft speed in the transmission.		
	3. Turn off engine, but leave key in the "ON" position.		
	4. Listen for constant air leaks un- der the following conditions:		
	<ul> <li>With Shift Lever, — select reverse, then select neutral</li> </ul>	If there are no constant leaks —	Test complete.
	<ul> <li>With Shift Lever, select reverse, then select neutral</li> </ul>		
		If there are constant air leaks —	Return to <b>Step A</b> to find error in testing.

This page left blank intentionally.

## **Neutral Lock Input**

#### **Overview**

The Neutral Switch is used on some applications which require the Auto Neutral function.

#### Detection

The System Manager monitors the Neutral Switch circuit for a short to ground or open and sets a fault if detected.

#### Fallback

There is no fallback mode for this symptom.

## **Required Tools**

- Basic Hand Tools
- Digital Volt/Ohm Meter
- AutoShift/AutoSelect Troubleshooting Guide

#### **Possible Causes**

This fault can be caused by any of the following:

- Neutral Switch
- Wiring
- System Manager



## **Neutral Lock Input Test**

Step A	Procedure	Condition	Action
	<ol> <li>Is wheelchair lift switch normally open or normally closed?</li> </ol>	If normally closed	Go to Step B.
		If normally open	Go to Step E.
Step B	Procedure	Condition	Action
	1. Make sure the lift is off and at rest position.		
	2. Disconnect system manager 32- way connector.		
	3. Measure resistance between system manager 32-way connector pins D7 and D11.	If resistance is 0 to .3	Go to <b>Step C</b> .
		If resistance is outside of	Pin D7 requires connection to pin D11. Repair harness. Repeat this step.
			Image: Constraint of the system         Image: Constraint of the system

٢

Step C	Procedure	Condition	Action
	1. Measure resistance between system manager 32-way connector pin D7 and ground.	If resistance is 0 to .3	Go to <b>Step D</b> .
		If resistance is outside of	Normally closed type systems require pin D7 be grounded for normal transmission operation. Repair harness or switch as required. Repeat this step.
			12 13 14 15 16 D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D

h

Γ

GROUND





GROUND

Step E	Procedure	Condition	Action
	1. Make sure the lift is off and at rest position.		
	2. Disconnect system manager 32- way connector.		
	3. Measure resistance between system manager 32-way connector pins D7 and D11.	If resistance is more than 10K ohms or open circuit [OL]	Go to <b>Step F</b> .
		If resistance is less than 10K ohms	Normally open type systems require pins D7 and D11 be open for normal transmission operation. Repair harness or switch as required. Repeat this step.





If the complaint was

If other code or symptom

repaired

appears

- 3. Key on.
- 4. Drive the vehicle to determine whether the complaint has been repaired.

Go to Diagnostics Procedure (see page 1-3)

Return to Step A to find error in

Test complete.

testing.

Symptom Isolation







All OEM responsible withing shown is typical. Consult specific applications of the specific applications of the specific applications of the specific applications applications are specific applications.
+12 volt switched from Power Connect Relay
+12 volt switched from Ignition Switch
Signals into the ECU
Communication from and to the ECU
Signal returns, Grounds, and general OEM wiring
+12 volt solenoid source







All OEM responsible wiring shown is "typical". Consult specific application.

- +12 volt non-switched from battery
- +12 volt switched from Power Connect Relay
- +12 volt switched from Ignition Switch
- Signals into the ECU
- Communication from and to the ECU
- Signal returns, Grounds, and general OEM wiring
- +12 volt solenoid source







- +12 volt switched from Power Connect Relay
- +12 volt switched from Ignition Switch
- Signals into the ECU
- Communication from and to the ECU
- Signal returns, Grounds, and general OEM wiring
- +12 volt solenoid source







All OEM responsible wiring shown is "typical". Consult specific application.

- +12 volt non-switched from battery
- +12 volt switched from Power Connect Relay
- +12 volt switched from Ignition Switch
- Signals into the ECU
- Communication from and to the ECU
- Signal returns, Grounds, and general OEM wiring
- +12 volt solenoid source

## **Check for Proper Clutch Operation**

When performing the test for proper clutch operation, the vehicle should be in same condition as when the problem occurred. For instance, if the problem only occurs when the vehicle is hot, drive the vehicle to warm it up before conducting the test.

When the operator depresses the clutch pedal and shifts from neutral to drive or reverse, the ECU waits for the transmission input shaft speed to decrease to less than 150 rpm before shifting the transmission into gear. If the clutch is not disengaging completely or the clutch brake is not functioning properly, the input shaft will not slow down and the transmission will not shift into gear.

## With Hand-held

- 1. Connect hand-held tool.
- 2. Make sure the transmission is in neutral.
- 3. Start engine.
- 4. Set hand-held to monitor input shaft speed.
- 5. With clutch pedal up (clutch engaged) compare input speed and engine speed (rpm). They should be the same.
- 6. If not:
  - Perform Input Shaft Speed Sensor test.
  - Confirm proper clutch adjustment, adjust as needed.
  - Check clutch for slippage, repair or replace as necessary.
- 7. Depress clutch pedal to activate clutch brake. Within 2 seconds, input shaft speed should be less than 25 rpm (0 rpm is desired).
- 8. If input shaft does not stop turning, this indicates that the clutch is not disengaging completely or the clutch brake is not functioning properly.
  - Check for proper clutch adjustment, adjust as necessary.
  - Inspect clutch brake for excessive friction material wear or internal damage. Replace as necessary.

Note: The clutch brake may have to be removed to inspect properly.

• If clutch adjustment is correct and clutch brake appears satisfactory, the problem may be a defective clutch. The clutch may require repair or replacement. Refer to the clutch manufacturer's service information to verify a "drag-ging" clutch.

## Without Hand-held

- 1. Make sure the transmission is in neutral.
- 2. Start engine.
- 3. Let up on the clutch pedal (clutch engaged).
- 4. Depress clutch pedal fully to activate clutch brake and hold for 2 seconds.
- 5. Place transmission in starting gear.
- 6. Gear display shows flashing gear not yet engaged or solid gear for engaged. If flashing gear is displayed, slowly release clutch pedal.
- 7. If flashing gear does not become solid or gear does not engage, check clutch brake for proper function and check clutch adjustment.
- 8. If gear does not engage and clutch is adjusted properly, troubleshoot for dragging clutch according to clutch manufacturer.

## **Confirm Proper Clutch Adjustment**

## Confirm release bearing travel gap

- 1. Use a 1/2" gauge to verify the release bearing travel gap. This gap (distance between the rear of the release bearing and the clutch brake) must be between 1/2" and 9/16".
- 2. If this dimension is incorrect, adjust the clutch per the clutch manufacture's instructions.

## Confirm the free-play gap

- 1. Use a 1/8" gauge to verify proper free-play gap. This gap should be 1/8".
- 2. If this dimension is incorrect, adjust the clutch per the clutch manufacturer's instructions.

## **Clutch Brake Contact**

Insert a .010" feeler gauge between the release bearing and the clutch brake. Have an assistant fully depress the clutch pedal. The .010" feeler gauge should be squeezed between the release bearing rear and the clutch brake. Have the assistant slowly let up on the clutch pedal. The .010" feeler gauge should slide out when the clutch pedal is 1/2" to 1" above the cab floor or lower pedal stop.

If the .010" feeler gauge is not adequately squeezed to prevent removal or can be removed with the pedal less than 1/2" or greater than 1", check and adjust the clutch pedal height and travel per the chassis manufacturer's instructions. In addition, check the external clutch linkage for excessive wear or obstruction preventing complete travel.



Copyright Eaton Corporation, 2012. Eaton hereby grant their customers, vendors, or distributors permission to freely copy, reproduce and/or distribute this document in printed format. It may be copied only in its entirety without any changes or modifications. THIS INFORMATION IS NOT INTENDED FOR SALE OR RESALE, AND THIS NOTICE MUST REMAIN ON ALL COPIES.

Note: Features and specifications listed in this document are subject to change without notice and represent the maximum capabilities of the software and products with all options installed. Although every attempt has been made to ensure the accuracy of information contained within, Eaton makes no representation about the completeness, correctness or accuracy and assumes no responsibility for any errors or omissions. Features and functionality may vary depending on selected options.

#### For spec'ing or service assistance, call 1-800-826-HELP (4357) or visit www.eaton.com/roadranger. In Mexico, call 001-800-826-4357.

Roadranger: Eaton and trusted partners providing the best products and services in the industry, ensuring more time on the road.

#### Eaton Corporation

Vehicle Group P.O. Box 4013 Kalamazoo, MI 49003 USA 800-826-HELP (4357) www.eaton.com/roadranger

Printed in USA



BACKED BY **Roadranger** SUPPORT

# For parts or service call us Pro Gear & Transmission, Inc.



1 (877) 776-4600 (407) 872-1901 parts@eprogear.com 906 W. Gore St. Orlando, FL 32805

